



AV1000-10L-60A

**14/13/12TH GEN. INTEL® RAPTOR LAKE-S REFRESH/
RAPTOR LAKE-S /ALDER LAKE-S, CORE™ I9/I7/I5/I3 LIQUID
COOLED GPU SERVER USER'S MANUAL**



User's Manual

Revision Date: Jul. 03. 2025

Safety Information

Electrical safety

- To prevent electrical shock hazard, disconnect the power cable from the electrical outlet before relocating the system.
- When adding or removing devices to or from the system, ensure that the power cables for the devices are unplugged before the signal cables are connected. If possible, disconnect all power cables from the existing system before you add a device.
- Before connecting or removing signal cables from the motherboard, ensure that all power cables are unplugged.
- Seek professional assistance before using an adapter or extension cord. These devices could interrupt the grounding circuit.
- Make sure that your power supply is set to the correct voltage in your area.
- If you are not sure about the voltage of the electrical outlet you are using, contact your local power company.
- If the power supply is broken, do not try to fix it by yourself. Contact a qualified service technician or your local distributor.

Operation safety

- Before installing the motherboard and adding devices on it, carefully read all the manuals that came with the package.
- Before using the product, make sure all cables are correctly connected and the power cables are not damaged. If you detect any damage, contact your dealer immediately.
- To avoid short circuits, keep paper clips, screws, and staples away from connectors, slots, sockets and circuitry.
- Avoid dust, humidity, and temperature extremes. Do not place the product in any area where it may become wet.
- Place the product on a stable surface.
- If you encounter any technical problems with the product, contact your local distributor

Statement

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- All trademarks are the properties of the respective owners.
- All product specifications are subject to change without prior notice

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Revision History

Revision	Date (yyyy/mm/dd)	Changes
Version 1.0	2025/07/03	Initial release
Version 1.1	2025/9/04	Update I/O pin define

Packing list

- ☐ AV1000-10L-60A Liquid cooled GPU server System
- ☐ CD (Driver + Quick Installation Guide)



If any of the above items is damaged or missing, please contact your local distributor.

Ordering Information

Model Number	Description
AV1000_10L-60A	Rugged military Liquid cooled GPU server with Intel® Raptor Lake-S i7-13700TE processor, Nvidia Quadro RTX 6000 Ada, 12~60V DC-IN,

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Chapter 1: Product Introduction

1-1 Key Features

SYSTEM

CPU	14th Gen Intel® Raptor Lake-S Refresh i9/i7/i5/i3 Pentium®/ Celeron® IOTG Series Processor, TDP 35W~125W
	13th Gen Intel® Raptor Lake-S i9/i7/i5/i3 Pentium®/ Celeron® IOTG Series Processor, TDP 35W~125W
	12th Gen Intel® Alder Lake-S i9/i7/i5/i3 Pentium®/ Celeron® IOTG Series Processor, TDP 35W~125W
Memory type	4 x DDR5 UDIMM slots (288-pin, vertical), - Up to 4400 MT/s, - Up to 128GB
Chipset	Intel® R680
Ethernet	4x Intel® I226-LM 2.5GbE RJ45 LAN
TPM	TPM 2.0 (on Board)
Watchdog	256-level Watchdog Timer
Smart Fan Control	1 x 4-pin PWM CPU fan connector 3 x 4-pin PWM system fan connector

EXPANSION SLOT

M.2	1 x M.2 2280/22110 B+M-key (PCIe 4.0 x4 NVMe; Signal from CPU),
	1 x M.2 2242/2280 B+M-key (PCIe 4.0 x4 & SATA3.0 Signal from PCH)
	1 x M.0 2242/2280 B+M-key (PCIe 3.0 x4 signal from PCH)
PCIe Slot	1 x PCIe 5.0 X16 slot + 2 x PCIe 4.0 X4 + 1 x PCIe 3.0 x4 slots.

GRAPHIC

GPU	1x NVIDIA® RTX 6000 Ada, 48GB, 18,176 CUDA, Max. 300W
Display Port	Up to 4K (4096 x 2304) @120 Hz/60 Hz 4 x DP 1.4a (4096 x 2160 @60 Hz)

GMSL2

GMSL	8 x GMSL2, 1920 x 1080P@60/45/30 fps
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ETHERNET

Chipset	4 x Intel® I226-LM 2.5Giga LAN 8 x Intel® I350 1.0 GbE LAN
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AUDIO

Codec	Realtek® ALC897 Audio Codec
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FRONT I/O

X1~X4	4 x 2.5GbE LAN with M12 connector
X5~X10	6 x 1.0GbE LAN with M12 connector
X11~X14	4 x USB3.2 Gen 2 Type-A with M20 connector
X15	1 x CAN bus with M12 connector
X16	1 x DP port with M24 connector
X17~X22	6 x GMSL2 with FAKRA Z-code connector
X23	1 x 8GPI +8GPO with D38999 connector
X24	1 x DC-IN with M12 connector
HDD LED	1 x LED Indicator for SSD
Power Button	1 x Button with LED inside indicator
RES	1 x Remote switch with M8 connector

REAR I/O

GND	1x GND screw
Water in	2x LQ4 with 1/4" G-thread/BSPP, Blue color
Water out	2x LQ4 with 1/4" G-thread/BSPP, Red color

INTERNAL I/O

SATAIII	4 x SATA3.0 6Gb/s ports Support RAID 0/1/5/10, AHCI mode
USB	1 x USB3.2 Gen 1 connector 1 x USB2.0 connector 2 x USB2.0 Type-A connectors
Audio	1 x Front Audio connector
Panel	1 x Front Panel connector 1 x Front LAN LED connector 1 x Front Audio connector (Lin-out & Mic-in)
Display	1 x eDP connector
Serial	6 x COM ports connectors
GPIO	2 x GPIO connectors(5V, 16-bit 8x GPU/GPO)
Fan	1 x 4-pin PWM CPU Fan connector 3 x 4-pin PWM system Fan connectors

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Power	1 x 8-pin ATX 12V power connector
	1 x 24-pin ATX power connector
Others	1 x CMOS battery header
	1 x Parallel port(LPT) header
	1 x JCASE Chassis intrusion header
	1 x S/PDIF connector
	1 x JKBMS PS/2 keyboard & Mouse connector
	1 x PMBus connector (3.3V)
	1 x SMBus connector (5V)
Jumpers	1 x I2C connector
	1 x FIO header / 1 x SPI TPM header
	6 x COM voltage select jumpers
	1 x Clear CMOS jumper
	1 x ME jumper (for iAMT BIOS flash)
	1 x AT/ ATX mode select jumper
	1 x eDP Power Select Jumper

THERMAL

Liquid Cooled	Liquid Cooled Plate by Liquid-to-Liquid thermal exchange
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MECHANICAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL

Form Factor	19", 2.25U Rack mount Liquid cooled platform
Power Type	12V~63V DC-IN
Dimension	450 x 500 x 100mm (W x D x H)
Operating Temperature	ET : 0°C ~ 60°C
Storage Temperature	UT : -20°C ~ 70°C
Relative humidity	-40°C ~ 85°C
	10% to 95%, non-condensing

STANDARD COMPLIANCE

Design to meet	CE/FCC Class B, BSMI
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OS

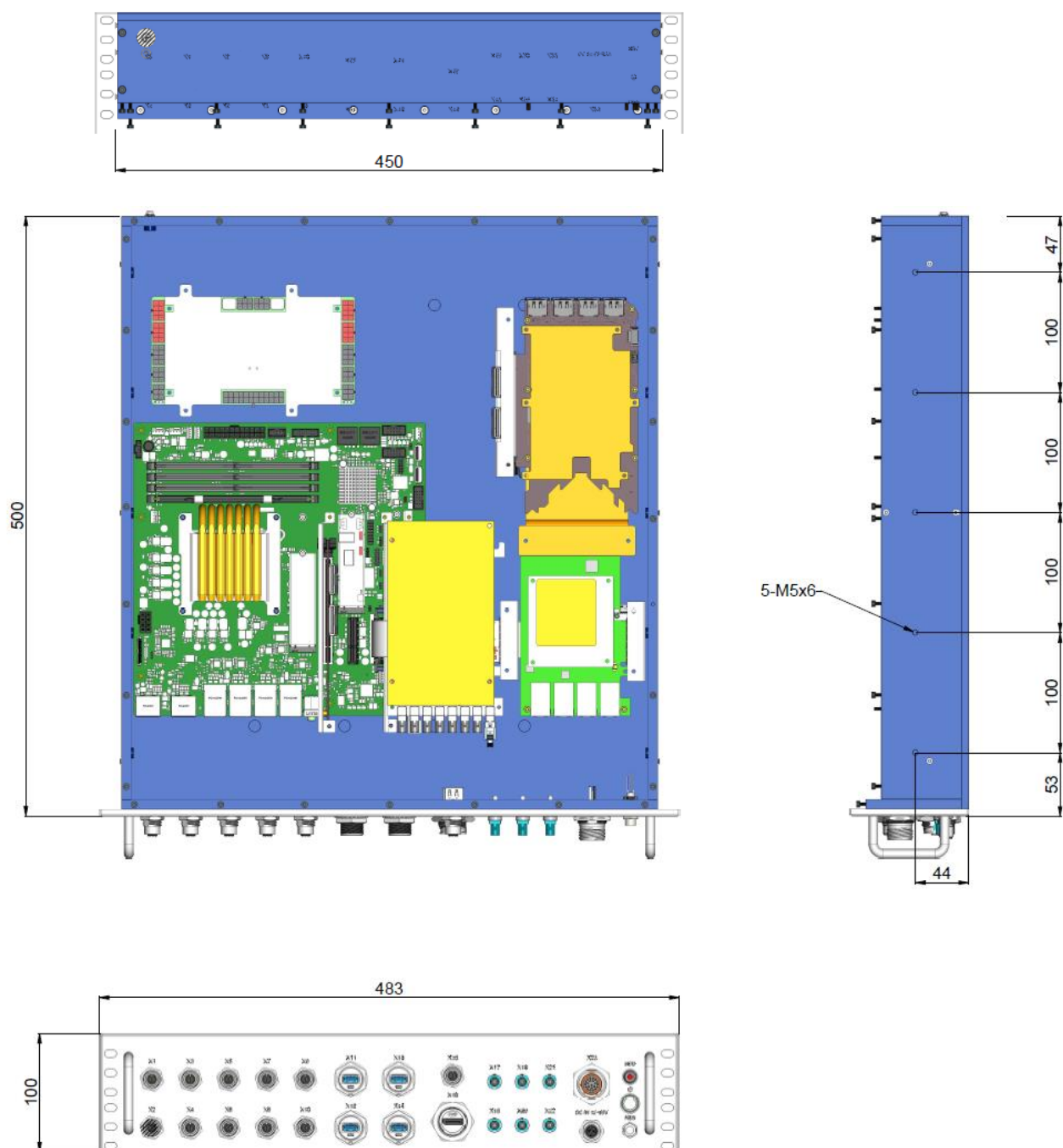
OS Support	Windows 10 IoT Enterprise 2021 LTSC (64-bit)
	Windows 11 IoT Enterprise LTSC 24H2 (64-bit)
	Linux Kernel 5.xx, Ubuntu 22.04 LTS Pre-scan

Specifications are subject to change without notice

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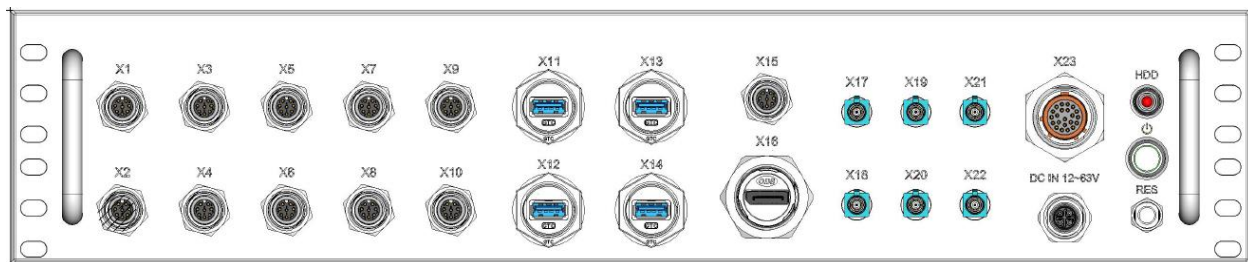
1.2 Mechanical Dimensions



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1.3 Front I/O



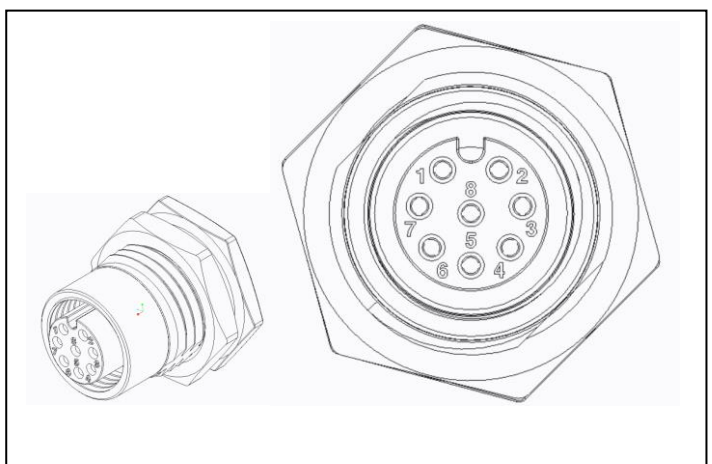
X1 ~ X10	1 x GbE LAN M12 connector
X11 ~ X14	1 x USB3.0 with M20 connector
X15	1 x CAN bus with M12 connector
X16	1 x DP with M24 connector
X17 ~ X22	1 x FAKRA connector Z-code
X23	1 x 8GPI +8GPO with D38999 connector
X24	1 x DC-IN with M12 connector
HDD LED	1 x LED Indicator for SSD
Power Button	1 x Button with LED inside indicator
RES	1 x Remote switch with M8 connector

Chapter 2: Jumpers and Connectors Locations

2.1 Front Bezel Connector Pin Definitions

X1~X4 & X5~X10: 4 x 2.5GbE LAN & 6 x 1.0GbE LAN with M12 [MSAS-08PFFS-SF8001] connector (CN1)

Pin define	CON1	CON2	Color
D1+	1	1	WHITE/ORANGE
D1-	2	2	ORANGE
D2+	3	3	WHITE/GREEN
D2-	4	4	BLUE
D3+	5	5	WHITE/BLUE
D3-	6	6	GREEN
D4+	7	7	WHITE/BROWN
D4-	8	8	BROWN
	shell	shell	

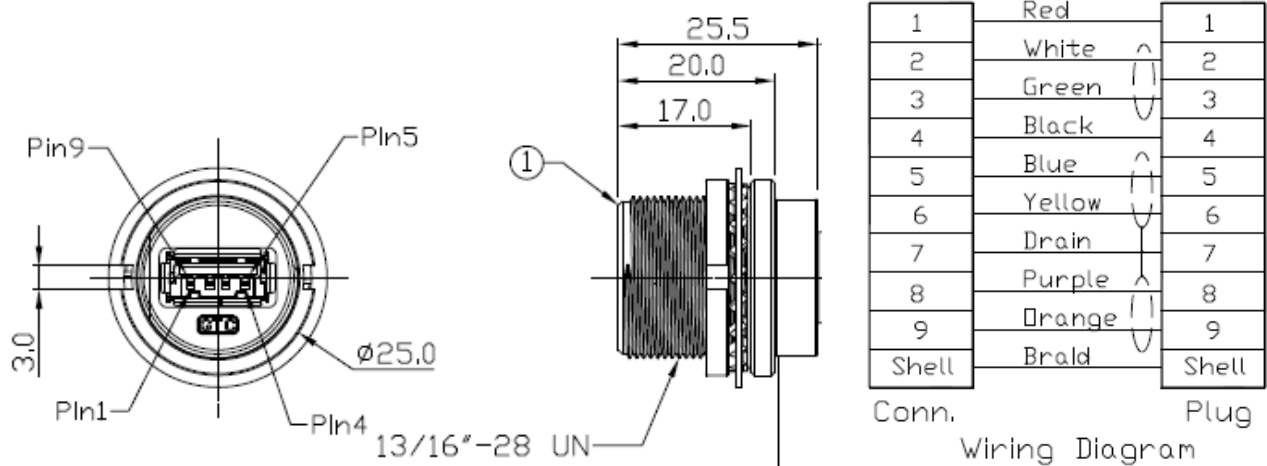


Inner RJ45 plug pin define as CN2.

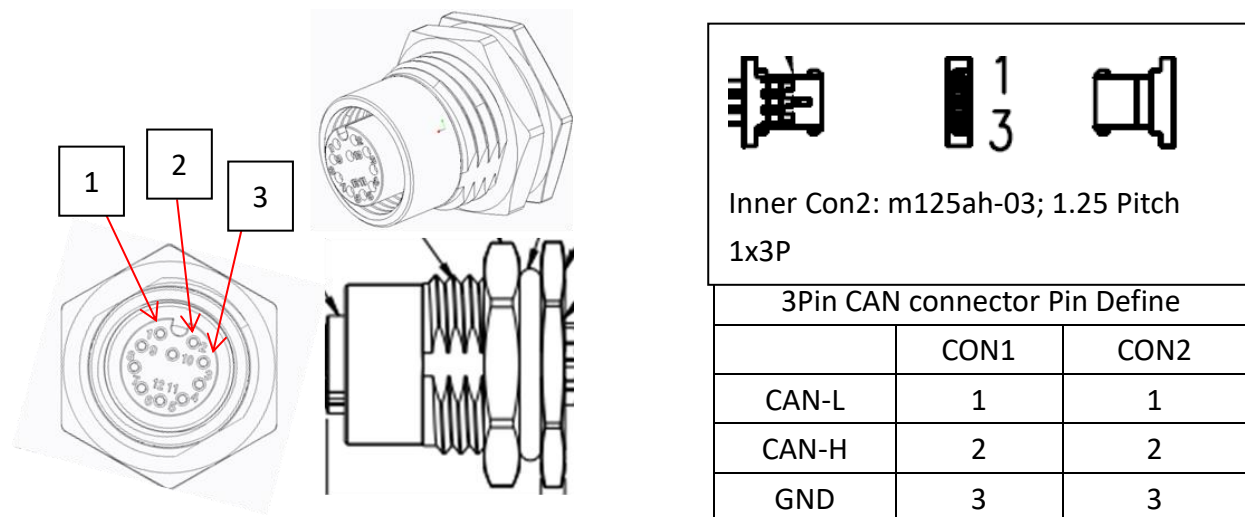
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X11 ~ X14: 1 x USB3.0 Type-A with M20 connector

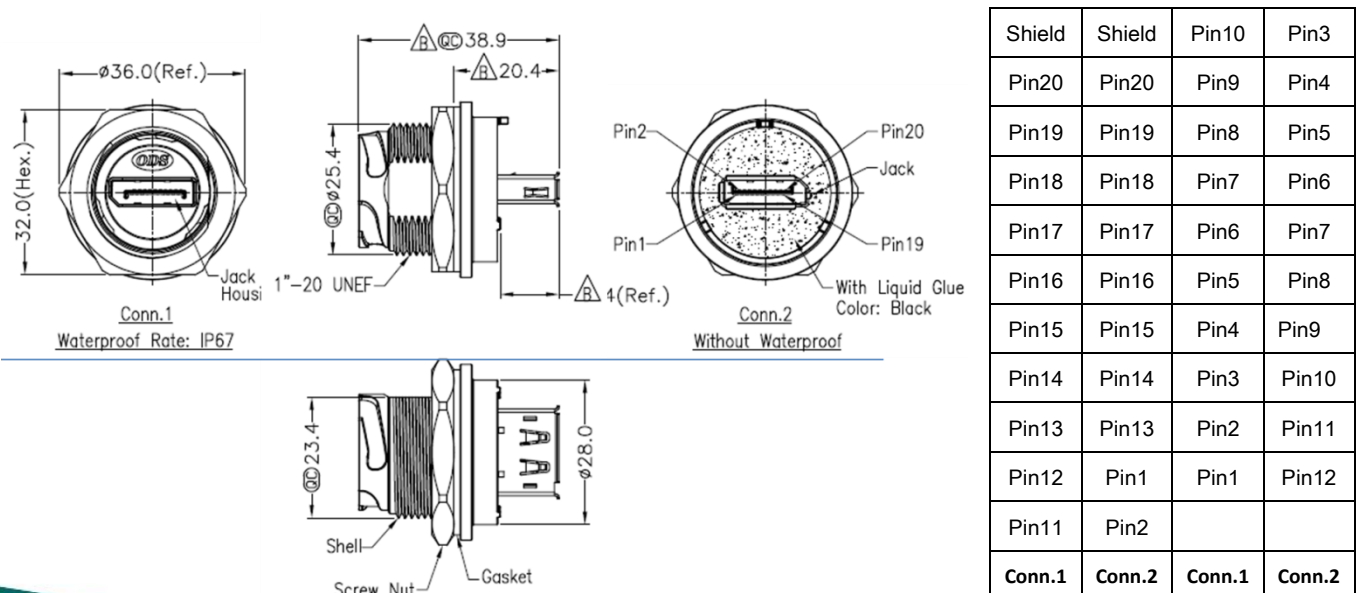


X15: 1 x CAN bus with M12 [MSAS-08PFFS-SF8001] connector



CON1: Amphenol LTW M12A-12PFFS-SF8001

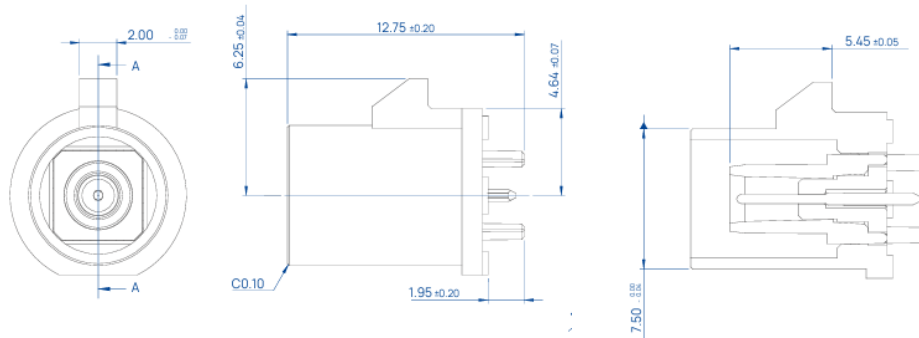
X16: 1 x DP with M24 connector




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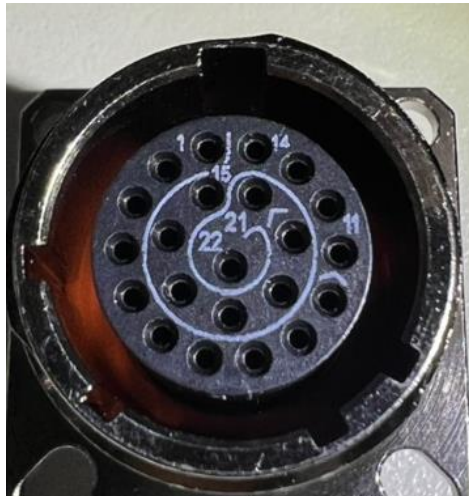
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X17 ~ X22: 6 x GMSL2 with FAKRA Z-code connector

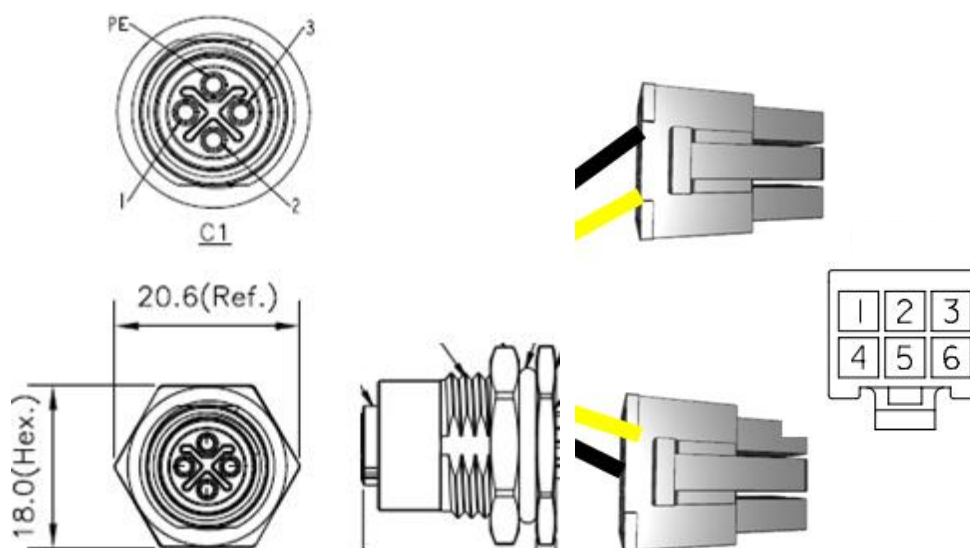


Coding Standard	
	Z
Pre/Suffix	1-xxxxxxx-X
Color	Water Blue
USCAR Application	Neutral (Fits all)

X23: 1 x 8GPI +8GPO with D38999 connector

PIN DEFINE				AMPHENOL 20FC35SN
CONN	GPO	CONN	GPI	
1	GND	11	GND	
2	N_GPIO_VCC (VCC5)	12	N_GPIO_VCC (VCC5)	
3	N_GPO0	13	N_GPI0	
4	N_GPO1	14	N_GPI1	
5	N_GPO2	15	N_GPI2	
6	N_GPO3	16	N_GPI3	
7	N_GPO4	17	N_GPI4	
8	N_GPO5	18	N_GPI5	
9	N_GPO6	19	N_GPI6	
10	N_GPO7	20	N_GPI7	

X24: 1 x DC-IN with Amphenol M12S-04PMMS-SF8B25



Color	CON1	CON2	CON3
Black	PE	1,2	
Black	3		1,2
Yellow	2	4,5	
Yellow	1		4,5

CON1: Amphenol M12S-04PMMS-SF8B25

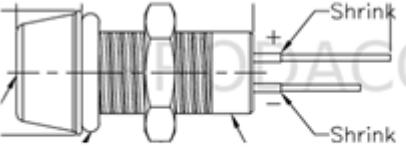
CON2,3: Molex 46992-0610 pitch=4.2

2.2 Power Button, LED & HDD LED

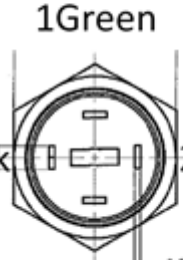
The Power Button connection is located on pins 6 and 8 of JFP1. Momentarily contacting both pins will power on/off the system. This button can also be configured to function as a suspend button (with a setting in the BIOS - see Chapter 4). To turn off the power when the system is in suspend mode, press the button for 4 seconds or longer. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

The HDD LED connection is located on pins 1 and 3 of JFP1.

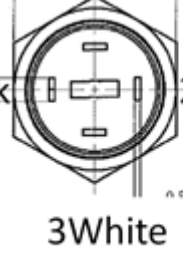
The Power LED connection is located on pins 2 and 4 of JFP1.



HDD LED



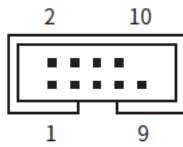
Power Switch



Power LED

Wire color	LED	CON2	
Orange	+	1	LED
Grey	-	2	GND

	CON1	CON2	CON3	
Green	1		1	LED+
White	3		2	GND
Red	2	1		PWRBTN
Black	4	2		GND

<div style="text-align: center;">  <p>JFP1</p> </div>	1	HDD LED+	2	POWER LED
	3	HDD LED-	4	POWER LED
	5	RESET SWITCH-	6	POWER SWITCH+
	7	RESET SWITCH+	8	POWER SWITCH-
	9	N/C	10	No pin

Chapter 3 UEFI BIOS

3-1 BIOS Setup

This chapter provides information on the BIOS Setup program and allows users to configure the system for optimal use.

Users may need to run the Setup program when:

- An error message appears on the screen at system startup and requests users to run SETUP.
- Users want to change the default settings for customized features.



Important

- *Please note that BIOS update assumes technician-level experience.*
- *As the system BIOS is under continuous update for better system performance, the illustrations in this chapter should be held for reference only.*

Entering Setup

Power on the computer and the system will start POST (Power On Self Test) process.

When the message below appears on the screen, press or <F2> key to enter Setup, <F11> key to Boot Menu, <F12> key to PXE Boot .

Press or <F2> to enter SETUP

If the message disappears before you respond and you still wish to enter Setup, restart the system by turning it OFF and On or pressing the RESET button. You may also restart the system by simultaneously pressing <Ctrl>, <Alt>, and <Delete> keys.



Important

The items under each BIOS category described in this chapter are under continuous update for better system performance. Therefore, the description may be slightly different from the latest BIOS and should be held for reference only.

Control Keys

← →	Select Screen
↑ ↓	Select Item
Enter	Select
+ -	Change Value
Esc	Exit
F1	General Help
F7	Previous Values
F9	Optimized Defaults
F10	Save & Reset*
F12	Screenshot capture
<K>	Scroll help area upwards
<M>	Scroll help area downwards

When you press <F10>, a confirmation window appears and it provides the modification information. Select between Yes or No to confirm your choice.

Getting Help

Upon entering setup, you will see the Main Menu.

Main Menu

The main menu lists the setup functions you can make changes to. You can use the **arrow keys** (↑ ↓) to select the item. The on-line description of the highlighted setup function is displayed at the bottom of the screen.

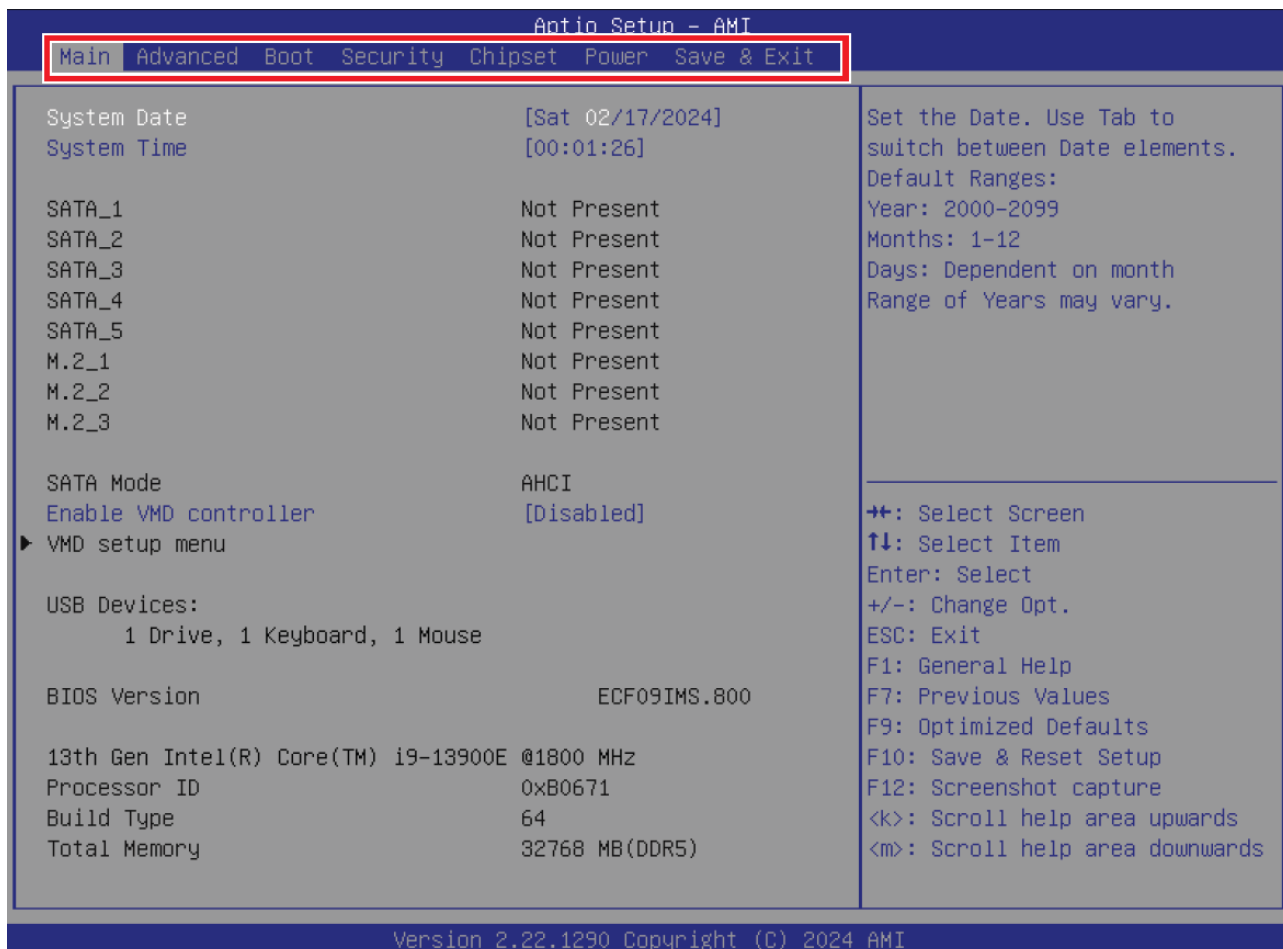
Sub-Menu

If you find a right pointer symbol appears to the left of certain fields that means a sub-menu can be launched from this field. A sub-menu contains additional options for a field parameter. You can use **arrow keys** (↑ ↓) to highlight the field and press **<Enter>** to call up the sub-menu. Then you can use the **control keys** to enter values and move from field to field within a sub-menu. If you want to return to the main menu, just press the **<Esc>**.

General Help <F1>

The BIOS setup program provides a General Help screen. You can call up this screen from any menu by simply pressing **<F1>**. The Help screen lists the appropriate keys to use and the possible selections for the highlighted item. Press <Esc> to exit the Help screen.

3-2 The Manu Bar



► Main

Use this menu for basic system configurations, such as time, date, etc.

► Advanced

Use this menu to set up the items of special enhanced features.

► Boot

Use this menu to specify the priority of boot devices.

► Security

Use this menu to set supervisor and user passwords.

► Chipset

This menu controls the advanced features of the on-board chipsets.

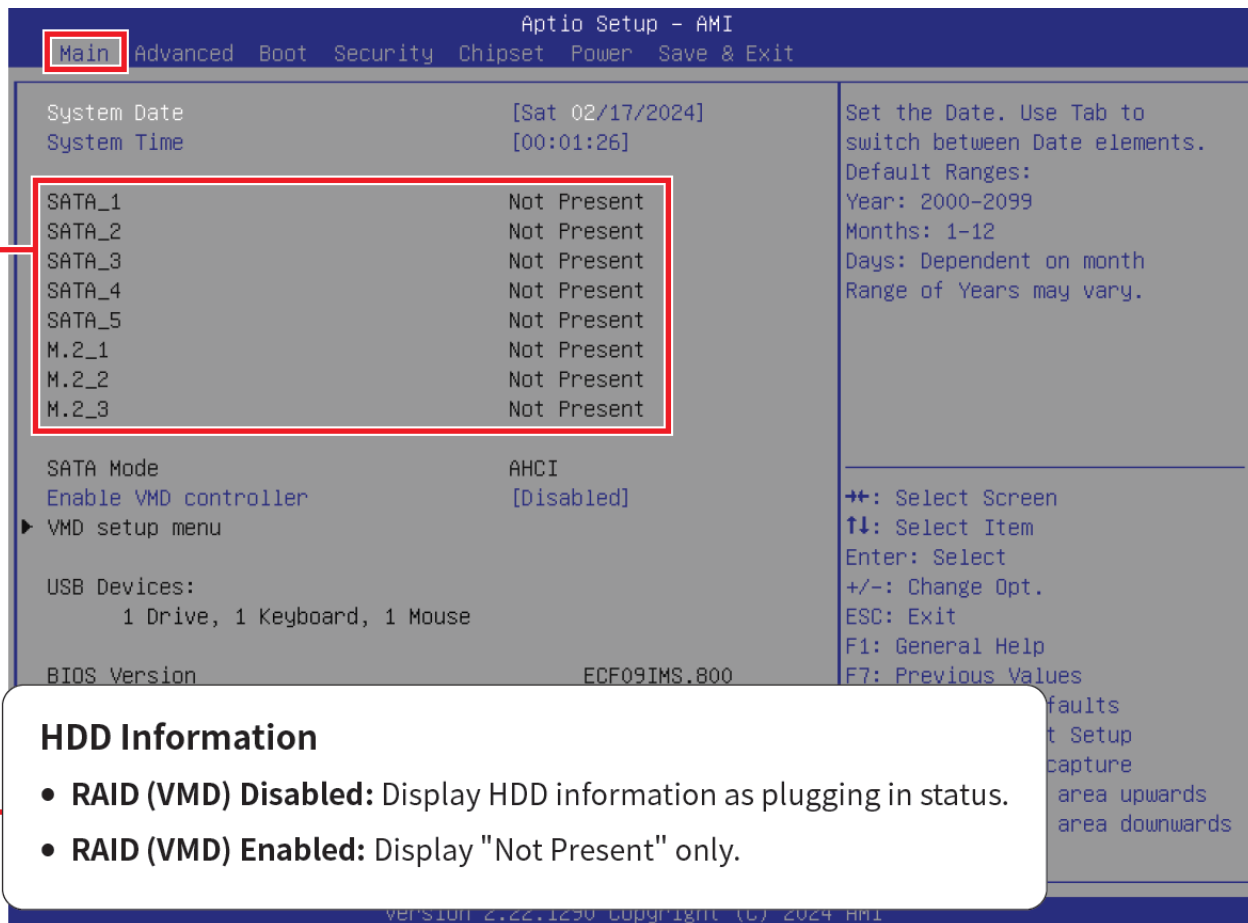
► Power

Use this menu to specify your settings for power management.

► Save & Exit

This menu allows you to load the BIOS default values or factory default settings into the BIOS and exit the BIOS setup utility with or without changes.

3-2.1 Main



► System Date

This setting allows you to set the system date. Format: <Day> <Month> <Date> <Year>.

► System Time

This setting allows you to set the system time. Format: <Hour> <Minute> <Second>.

► SATA Mode Selection

This setting specifies SATA controller mode.

[AHCI]

AHCI (Advanced Host Controller Interface), is a technical standard for an interface that allows the software to communicate with Serial ATA (SATA) devices. It offers advanced SATA features such as Native Command Queuing (NCQ) and hot-plugging.

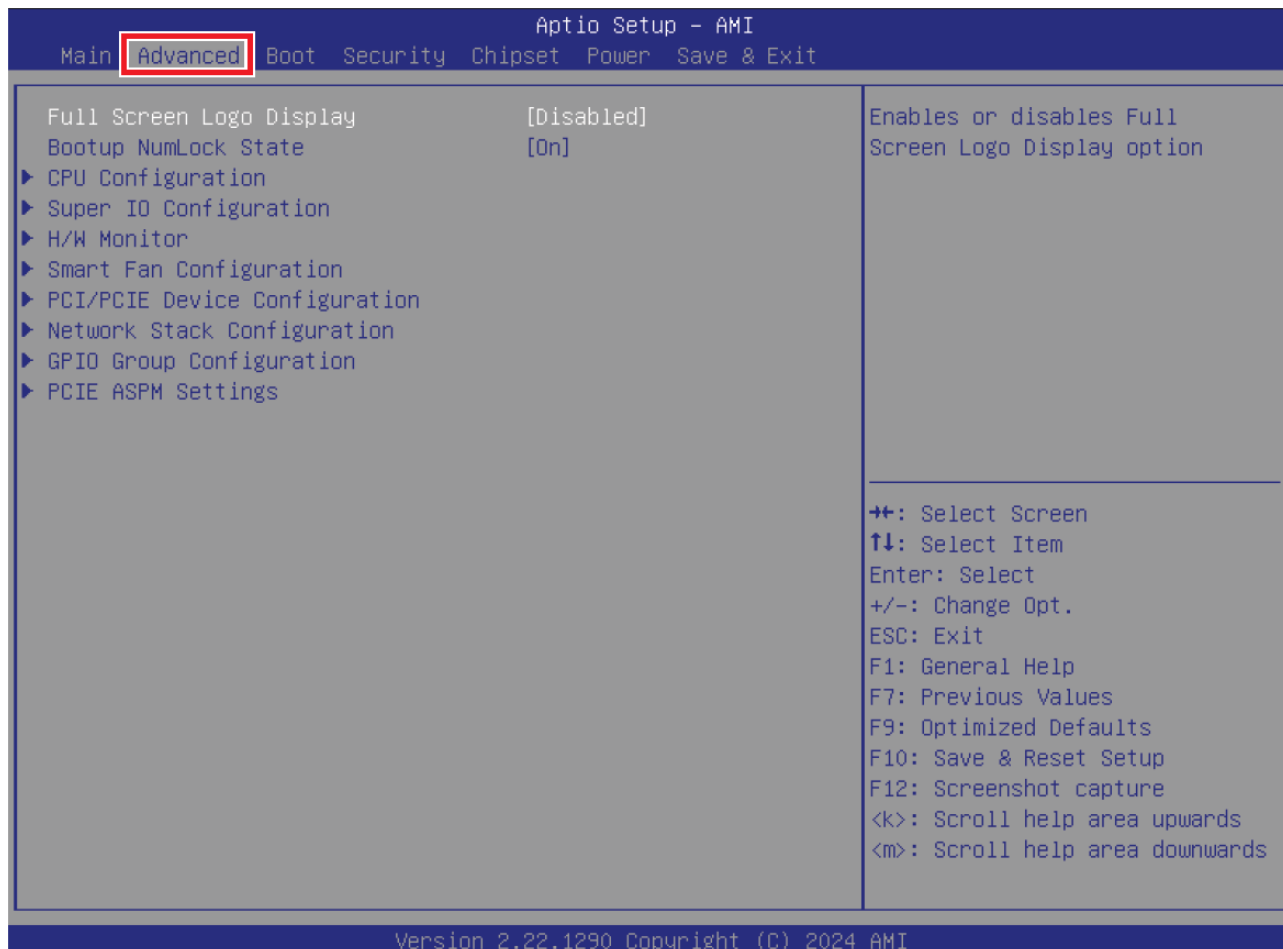
[RAID]

RAID (Redundant Array of Independent Disks) is a virtual disk storage technology that combines multiple physical disks into one unit for data redundancy, performance improvement, or both.

► Enable VMD controller

Enables or disables VMD (RAID) controller.

3-2.2 Advanced



► Full Screen Logo Display

This BIOS feature determines if the BIOS should hide the normal POST messages with the motherboard or system manufacturer's full-screen logo.

[Enabled]

BIOS will display the full-screen logo during the boot-up sequence, hiding normal POST messages.

[Disabled]

BIOS will display the normal POST messages, instead of the full screen logo.

Please note that enabling this BIOS feature often adds 2-3 seconds to the booting sequence. This delay ensures that the logo is displayed for a sufficient amount of time. Therefore, it is recommended to disable this BIOS feature for faster boot-up.

► Bootup NumLock State

This setting is to set the state of the Num Lock key on the keyboard when the system is powered on.

[On] Turn on the Num Lock key when the system is powered on.

[Off] Allow users to use the arrow keys on the numeric keypad.

► CPU Configuration

Advanced		
CPU Configuration		When enabled, a VMM can utilize the additional hardware capabilities provided by Vanderpool Technology.
13th Gen Intel(R) Core(TM) i9-13900E		
Processor ID	0xB0671	
Processor Speed	1800 MHz	
P-core Information		
L1 Data Cache	48 KB x 8	
L1 Instruction Cache	32 KB x 8	
L2 Cache	2048 KB x 8	
L3 Cache	36 MB	
E-core Information		
L1 Data Cache	32 KB x 16	↔: Select Screen
L1 Instruction Cache	64 KB x 16	↑↓: Select Item
L2 Cache	4096 KB x 4	Enter: Select
L3 Cache	36 MB	+/-: Change Opt.
Intel Virtualization Technology	[Enabled]	ESC: Exit
Hyper-Threading	[Enabled]	F1: General Help
Active Performance-cores	[All]	F7: Previous Values
Active Efficient-cores	[All]	F9: Optimized Defaults
Intel(R) SpeedStep(tm)	[Enabled]	F10: Save & Reset Setup
Intel(R) Speed Shift Technology	[Enabled]	F12: Screenshot capture
C states	[Enabled]	<k>: Scroll help area upwards
		<m>: Scroll help area downwards

► Intel Virtualization Technology

Enables or disables Intel Virtualization technology.

[Enabled]

Enables Intel Virtualization technology and allows a platform to run multiple operating systems in independent partitions. The system can function as multiple systems virtually.

[Disabled]

Disables this function.

► Hyper-Threading (HT Function)

Enables or disables Intel Hyper-Threading technology.

The processor uses Hyper-Threading technology to improve utilization of the CPU resources and potentially increasing overall performance by allowing it to handle multiple threads simultaneously. If you disable the function, it will restricts the CPU to operate as a single-threaded processor, with only one logical core per physical core. Please disable this item if your operating system does not support HT Function or unreliability and instability may occur.

► Active Performance-cores

Select the number of active Performance-cores (P-cores).

► Active Efficient-cores

Select the number of active Efficient-cores (E-cores).

► Intel(R) SpeedStep(TM)

Enhanced Intel SpeedStep® Technology enables the OS to control and activate performance states (P-States) of the processor.

[Enabled]

When enabled, Intel SpeedStep® technology is activated. This technology allows the processor to manage its power consumption via performance state (P-State) transitions.

[Disabled]

Disables this function

► Intel(R) Speed Shift Technology

Intel® Speed Shift Technology is an energy-efficient method that allows frequency control by hardware rather than the OS.

[Enabled]

When enabled, Intel® Speed Shift Technology is activated. The technology enables the management of processor power consumption via hardware performance state (P-State) transitions.

[Disabled]

Disable this function.

► C States

This setting controls the C-States (CPU Power states).

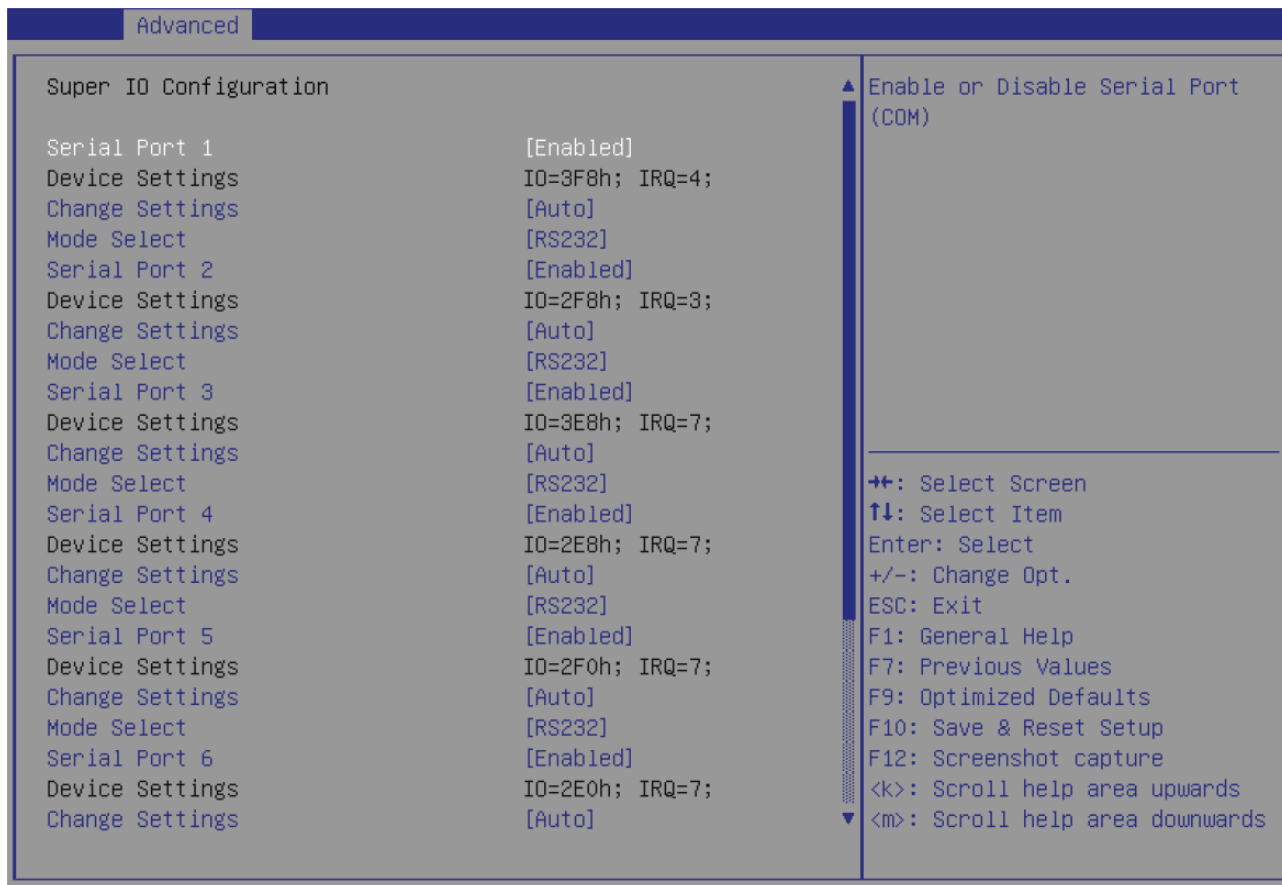
[Enabled]

Detects the idle state of system and reduce CPU power consumption accordingly.

[Disabled]

Disable this function.

► Super IO Configuration



► Serial Port 1/ 2/ 3/ 4/ 5/ 6, Parallel Port

This setting enables or disables the specified serial port or parallel port.

» Device Settings

This setting shows the address & IRQ of the specified serial port or parallel port.

» Change Settings

This setting is used to change the address & IRQ settings of the specified serial port or parallel port.

» Mode Select

Select an operation mode for Serial Port 1/ 2/ 3/ 4/ 5/ 6, Parallel Port.

► FIFO Mode

This setting controls the FIFO (First In First Out) data transfer mode.

► Shared IRQ Mode

This setting provides the system with the ability to share interrupts among its serial ports.

► Watch Dog Timer

You can enable the system watchdog timer, a hardware timer that generates a reset when the software that it monitors does not respond as expected each time the watchdog polls it.

► H/W Monitor (PC Health Status)

These items display the current status of all monitored hardware devices/components such as voltages, temperatures and all fans' speeds.

Advanced		
PC Health Status		
CPU temperature	: +34 C	
System temperature1	: +26 C	
System temperature2	: +25 C	
System temperature3	: +25 C	
CPUFAN	: 2572 RPM	
SYSFAN1	: N/A	
SYSFAN2	: N/A	
SYSFAN3	: N/A	
VCC_CORE	: +0.792 V	
VCC3	: +3.384 V	
VCC5	: +5.129 V	
+12V	: +12.496 V	
VCC3V	: +3.376 V	
VSB3V	: +3.376 V	
VSB5V	: +4.944 V	
VBAT	: +3.136 V	
		++: Select Screen ↑↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. ESC: Exit F1: General Help F7: Previous Values F9: Optimized Defaults F10: Save & Reset Setup F12: Screenshot capture <k>: Scroll help area upwards <m>: Scroll help area downwards

► Smart Fan Configuration

Advanced		
Configuration Smart FAN		Disabled/Enabled Smart FAN Function
CPUFAN	[Disabled]	
SYSFAN1	[Disabled]	
SYSFAN2	[Disabled]	
SYSFAN3	[Disabled]	

► CPUFAN/ SYSFAN1~3

This setting enables or disables the Smart Fan function. Smart Fan is an excellent feature which will adjust the CPU/system fan speed automatically depending on the current CPU/system temperature, avoiding the overheating to damage your system. The following item will display when CPUFAN/ SYSFAN1~3 is enabled.

» Min. Speed (%)

The beginning speed of the System fan.

► PCI/PCIE Device Configuration

Advanced		
Audio Controller	[Enabled]	Control Detection of the Audio Controller. Disabled = Audio Controller will be unconditionally disabled. Enabled = Audio Controller will be unconditionally Enabled.

► Audio Controller

This setting enables or disables the detection of the onboard audio controller.

► Network Stack Configuration

This menu provides Network Stack settings for users to enable network boot (PXE) from BIOS.

Advanced		
Network Stack	[Disabled]	Enable/Disable UEFI Network Stack

► Network Stack

This menu provides Network Stack settings for users to enable network boot (PXE) from BIOS. The following items will display when Network Stack is enabled.

» IPV4 PXE Support

Enables or disables IPv4 PXE boot support.

» IPV4 HTTP Support

Enables or disables Ipv4 HTTP Support.

» IPV6 PXE Support

Enables or disables Ipv6 PXE Support.

» IPV6 HTTP Support

Enables or disables Ipv6 HTTP Support.

» PXE boot wait time

Use this option to specify the wait time to press the ESC key to abort the PXE boot. Press “+” or “-” on your keyboard to change the value. The default setting is 0.

» Media detect count

Use this option to specify the number of times media will be checked. Press “+” or “-” on your keyboard to change the value. The default setting is 1.

► GPIO Group Configuration

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Advanced		
GP00	[Low]	Set GP00 to output High/Low
GP01	[Low]	
GP02	[Low]	
GP03	[Low]	
GP04	[Low]	
GP05	[Low]	
GP06	[Low]	
GP07	[Low]	

► GPO0 ~ GPO7

These settings control the operation mode of the specified GPIO.

► PCIE ASPM settings

This menu provide settings for PCIe ASPM (Active State Power Management) level for different installed devices.

Advanced		
M2_M1	[Disabled]	PCI Express Active State Power Management settings.
M2_M2	[Disabled]	
M2_M3	[Disabled]	
PCIE1	[Disabled]	
PCIE2	[Disabled]	
PCIE3	[Disabled]	
PCIE4	[Disabled]	

► M2_M1~3, PCIE1~4

Sets PCI Express ASPM (Active State Power Management) state for power saving.

[L0s]

Initiate an automatic shutdown of the system to protect from potential damage due to overheating.

[L1]

Higher latency, lower power“ standby” state (optional).

[L0sL1]

Activate both L0s and L1 support.

[Disabled]

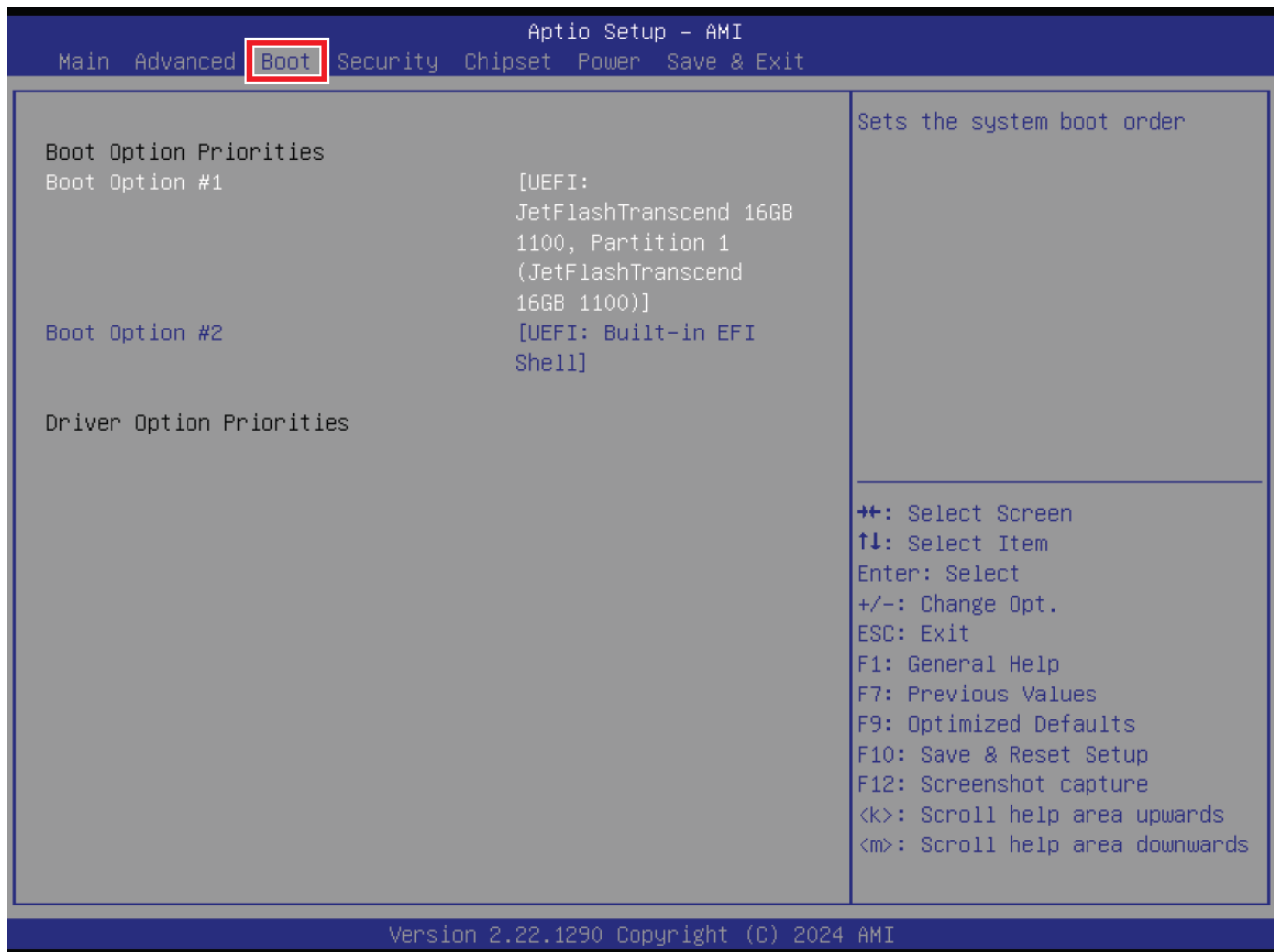
Disable this function.



Important

Expansion slots availability varies by SKU. Please refer to the Specifications and Expansion Slots sections for information.

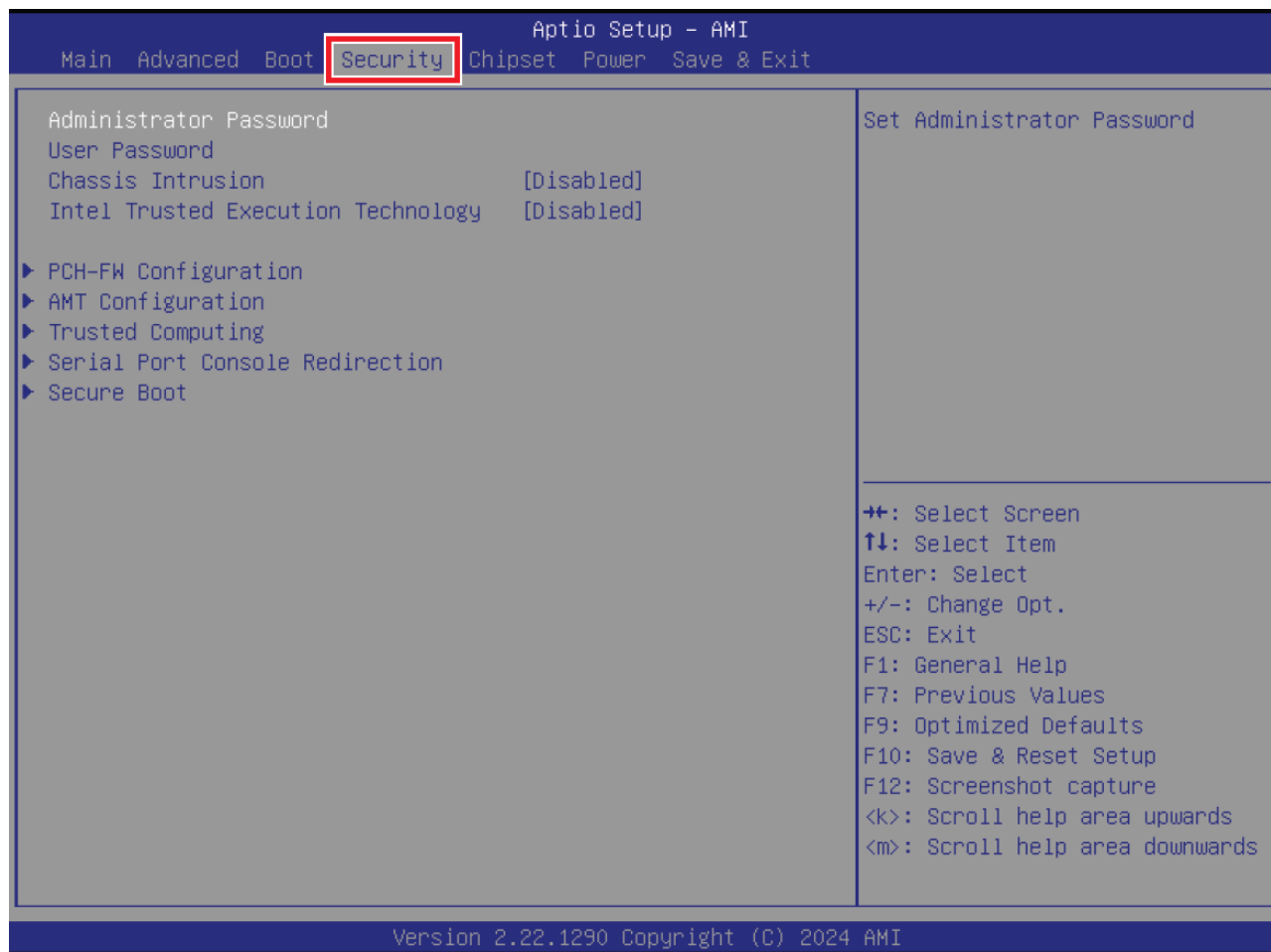
3-2.3 Boot



► Boot Option #1-2

This setting allows users to set the sequence of boot devices where BIOS attempts to load the disk operating system.

3-2.4 Security



► Administrator Password

Administrator Password controls access to the BIOS Setup utility.

► User Password

User Password controls access to the system at boot and to the BIOS Setup utility.

► Chassis Intrusion

Enables or disables recording messages while the chassis is opened. This function is ready for the chassis equips a chassis intrusion jumper (switch).

[Enabled]

Once the chassis is opened, the system will record and issue a warning message. A beep sound will be emitted before this function is reset.

[Disabled]

Once the chassis is closed, the system will record and issue a warning message.

[Reset]

Clear the warning message. After clearing the message, please return to Enabled or Disabled.

► Intel Trusted Execution Technology

Enables or disables the Intel Trusted Execution Technology. Intel® Trusted Execution Technology (Intel® TXT) is a security feature that provides hardware-based security to protect the system and maintain the confidentiality and integrity of data stored or created on the system.

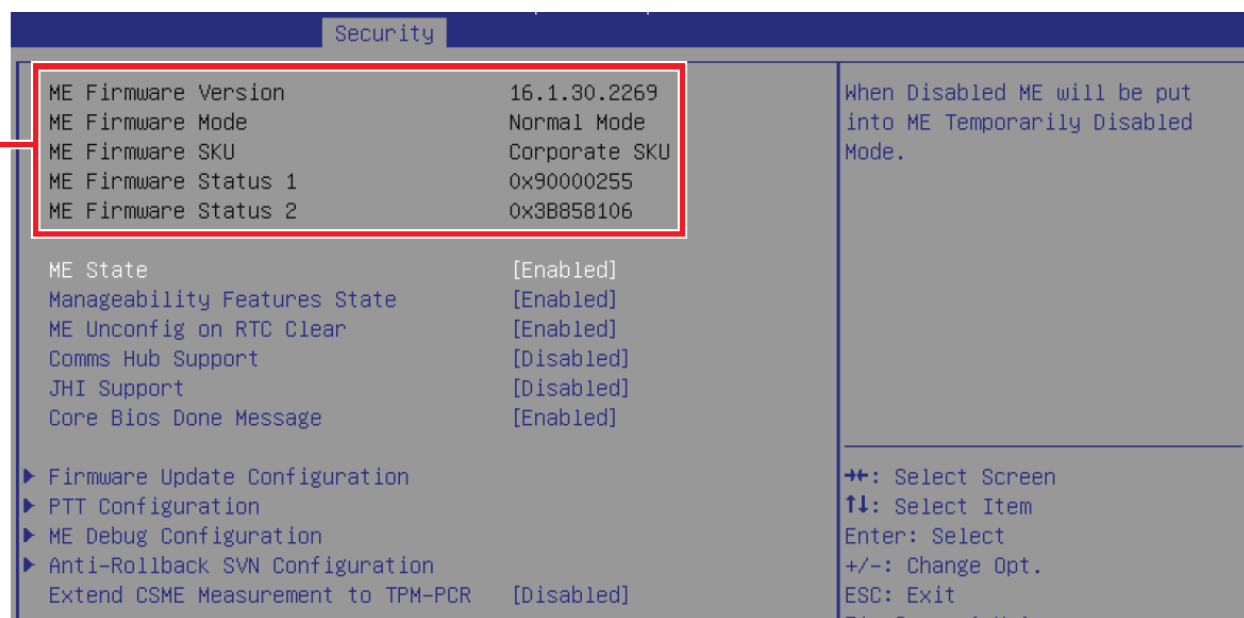


Important

SKU3/4 (Intel® H610E) does not support "Intel Trusted Execution Technology" and "AMT Configuration".

► PCH-FW Configuration

This menu allows you to configure settings related to the PCH firmware.



Firmware Information

ME Firmware Version	ME Firmware SKU
ME Firmware Mode	ME Firmware Status 1-2

These settings show the firmware information of the Intel ME (Management Engine).

► ME State

This menu controls the Intel® Management Engine State (ME state) parameters, which provides various management and security capabilities. The following items will display when ME State is enabled.

» Manageability Feature State

Enables or disables Manageability Feature State. Enabling this item for remote management capabilities.

» ME Un-config on RTC Clear

Enables or disables ME Unconfig on RTC Clear. Enabling this item resets the ME configuration to its default state, removing any customizations or settings applied.

» Comms Hub Support

Enables or disables the communications hub support.

» JHI Support

Enables or disables JHI Support. JHI stands for Intel® Dynamic Application Loader Host Interface Service (Intel® DAL HIS) and is the engineering name for this feature. Enabling JHI Support in the BIOS settings allows the system to utilize this interface for communication between trusted applications and host-based applications.

» Core BIOS Done Message

Enables or disables Core BIOS Done Message sent to ME.

► Firmware Update Configuration

Security		
Me FW Image Re-Flash FW Update	[Disabled] [Enabled]	Enable/Disable Me FW Image Re-Flash function.

» ME FW Image Re-Flash

Enables or disables the ME Firmware Image Re-flashing.

» Local FW Update

Enables or disables the capability to perform a firmware update of the ME locally.

► PTT Configuration

Intel® Platform Trust Technology (PTT) is a platform functionality for credential storage and key management used by Microsoft Windows.

Security		
PTT Capability / State	1 / 0	Selects TPM device: PTT or dTPM. PTT - Enables PTT in SkuMgr dTPM 1.2 - Disables PTT in SkuMgr Warning ! PTT/dTPM will be disabled and all data saved on it will be lost.
TPM Device Selection	[dTPM]	

» TPM Device Selection

Select TPM (Trusted Platform Module) devices from PTT or dTPM (Discrete TPM).

[PTT]

Enables PTT in SkuMgr.

[dTPM]

Disables PTT in SkuMgr. Warning! PTT/ dTPM will be disabled and all data saved on it will be lost.

► ME Debug Configuration

This menu allows you to configure debug-related options for the Intel® Management Engine (ME).

Security		
HECI Timeouts	[Enabled]	Enable/Disable HECI Send/Receive Timeouts.
Force ME DID Init Status	[Disabled]	
CPU Replaced Polling Disable	[Disabled]	
HECI Message check Disable	[Disabled]	
MBP HOB Skip	[Disabled]	
HECI2 Interface Communication	[Disabled]	
KT Device	[Enabled]	
End Of Post Message	[Send in DXE]	
DOI3 Setting for HECI Disable	[Disabled]	
MCTP Broadcast Cycle	[Disabled]	

» HECI Timeouts

This setting enables/ disables the HECI (Host Embedded Controller Interface) send/receive timeouts.

» Force ME DID Init Status

Forces the ME Device ID (DID) initialization status value.

» CPU Replaced Polling Disable

Setting this option disables the CPU replacement polling loop.

» HECI Message Check Disable

This setting disables message check for BIOS boot path when sending messages.

» MBP HOB Skip

Setting this option will skip ME's Memory-Based Protection (MBP) HOB region.

» HECI2 Interface Communication

This setting Adds/ Removes HECI2 device from PCI space.

» KT Device

Enables or disables Key Transfer (KT) Device.

» End of Post Message

Enables or disables End of Post Message sent to ME.

» DOI3 Setting for HECI Disable

Setting this option disables setting DOI3 bit for all HECI devices.

» MCTP Broadcast Cycle

Enables or disables Management Component Transport Protocol (MCTP) Broadcast Cycle.

► Anti-Rollback SVN Configuration

» Automatic HW-Enforced Anti-Rollback SVN

Setting this item enables will automatically activate the hardware-enforced anti-rollback protection based on the Secure Version Number (SVN). Once enabled, the hardware will enforce that only firmware updates with an SVN equal to or higher than the current SVN can

be installed.

» Set HW-Enforced Anti-Rollback for Current SVN

Enable HW ERB mechanism for current ARB SVN value. FW with lower ARB-SVN will be blocked from execution. The value will be restored to disable after the command is sent. This item will display when Automatic HW-Enforced Anti-Rollback SVN is enabled.

► AMT Configuration

Intel® Active Management Technology (Intel® AMT) is hardware-based technology for remotely managing and securing PCs out-of-band (OOB).



► USB Provisioning of AMT

Enables or disables the ability to provision AMT using a USB device.

► Mac PASS Through

Enables or disables the ability of AMT to pass through network traffic without altering the original MAC (Media Access Control) addresses of the network interface. Enabling Mac PASS Through ensures that the network traffic appears to originate from the original MAC address of the system.

► Activate Remote Assistance Process

Enables or disables remote assistance sessions to be initiated on systems with AMT support.

► Un-configure ME

Enables or disables the Un-configure ME.



Important

SKU3/4 (Intel® H610E) does not support "AMT Configuration".

► ASF Configuration

Security		
PET Progress	[Enabled]	Enable/Disable PET Events Progress to receive PET Events.
WatchDog	[Disabled]	
OS Timer	0	
BIOS Timer	0	
ASF Sensors Table	[Disabled]	

» PET Progress

Enables or disable the this item to receive PET Events.

» WatchDog

Enables or disable the watchdog timer.

» OS Timer

This item displays OS Timer.

» BIOS Timer

This item displays BIOS Timer.

» ASF Sensor Table

Enables or disable the Alert Standard Format (ASF) Sensor Table.

► Secure Erase Configuration

Security		
Secure Erase mode	[Simulated]	Change Secure Erase module behavior: Simulated: Performs SE flow without erasing SSD Real: Erase SSD. *** If SATA device is used, OEM could use SECURE_ERASE_HOOK_PROTOCOL to remove SATA power to skip G3 cycle. ***
Force Secure Erase	[Disabled]	

» Secure Erase Mode

This setting change Secure Erase module behavior.

[Simulated]

Performs SE flow without erasing SSD.

[Real]

Erase SSD.

» Force Secure Erase

Enables or disables to force Secure Erase on next boot.

► MEBx (Management Engine BIOS Extension)

Security	
Intel(R) ME Password	MEBx Login

► Trusted Computing

Security		
TPM 2.0 Device Found		Enables or Disables BIOS support for security device. O.S. will not show Security Device. TCG EFI protocol and INT1A interface will not be available.
Firmware Version:	15.22	
Vendor:	IFX	
Security Device Support	[Enable]	
Active PCR banks	SHA256	
Available PCR banks	SHA256,SHA384	
SHA256 PCR Bank	[Enabled]	
SHA384 PCR Bank	[Disabled]	
Pending operation	[None]	
Platform Hierarchy	[Enabled]	
Storage Hierarchy	[Enabled]	
Endorsement Hierarchy	[Enabled]	
Physical Presence Spec Version	[1.3]	
TPM 2.0 InterfaceType	[TIS]	
PH Randomization	[Enabled]	
Device Select	[TPM 2.0]	
		++: Select Screen ↑↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. ESC: Exit F1: General Help F7: Previous Values F9: Optimized Defaults F10: Save & Reset Setup F12: Screenshot capture <k>: Scroll help area upwards <m>: Scroll help area downwards

► Security Device Support

This item enables or disables BIOS support for security device. When set to [Disable], the OS will not show security device.

► SHA256 PCR Bank, SHA384 PCR Bank

These settings enables or disables the SHA256 PCR Bank and SHA384 PCR Bank.

► Pending Operation

When Security Device Support is set to [Enable], Pending Operation will appear. It is advised that users should routinely back up their TPM secured data.

[TPM Clear]

Clear all data secured by TPM.

[None]

Discard the selection.

► Platform Hierarchy, Storage Hierarchy, Endorsement Hierarchy

These settings enables or disables the Platform Hierarchy, Storage Hierarchy and Endorsement Hierarchy.

► Physical Presence Spec Version

This settings show the Physical Presence Spec Version.

► PH Randomization

Enables or disables Platform Hierarchy (PH) Randomization.

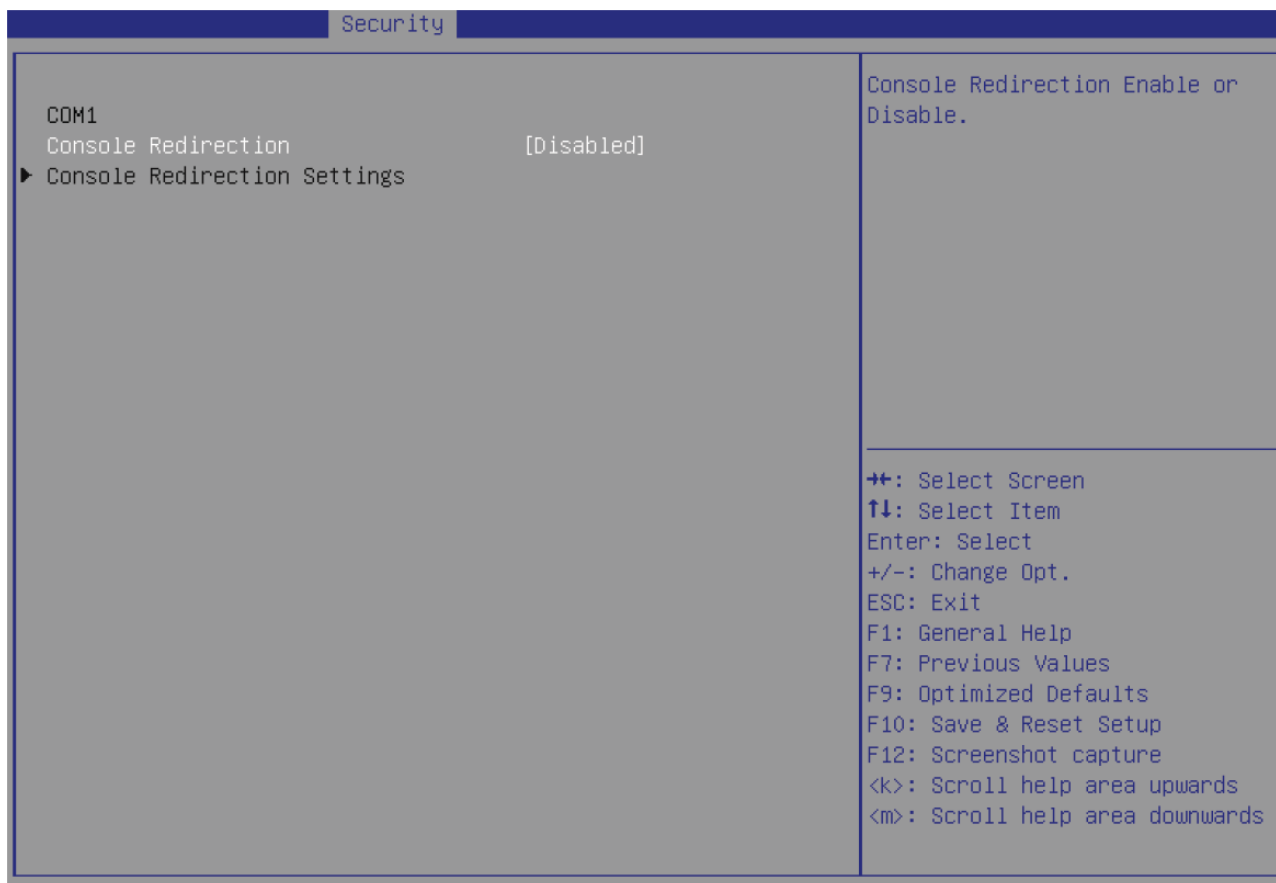
► TPM 2.0 Interface Type

This setting shows the TPM 2.0 Interface Type.

► Device Select

Select your TPM device through this setting.

► Serial Port Console Redirection



► Console Redirection

Console Redirection operates in host systems that do not have a monitor and keyboard attached. This setting enables or disables the operation of console redirection. When set to [Enabled], BIOS redirects and sends all contents that should be displayed on the screen to the serial COM port for display on the terminal screen. Besides, all data received from the serial port is interpreted as keystrokes from a local keyboard.

► Console Redirection Settings

This option appears when Console Redirection is enabled.

» Terminal Type

To operate the system's console redirection, you need a terminal supporting ANSI terminal protocol and a RS-232 null modem cable connected between the host system and terminal(s). You can select emulation for the terminal from this setting.

[ANSI]

Extended ASCII character set.

[VT100]

ASCII character set.

[VT100Plus]

Extends VT100 to support color, function keys, etc.

[VT-UTF8]

Uses UTF8 encoding to map Unicode characters onto one or more bytes.

» Bits per second, Data Bits, Parity, Stop Bits

These setting specifies the transfer rate (bits per second, data bits, parity, stop bits) of Console Redirection.

» Flow Control

Flow control is the process of managing the rate of data transmission between two nodes. It's the process of adjusting the flow of data from one device to another to ensure that the receiving device can handle all of the incoming data. This is particularly important where the sending device is capable of sending data much faster than the receiving device can receive it.

» VT-UTF8 Combo Key Support

This setting enables or disables the VT-UTF8 combination key support for ANSI/VT100 terminals.

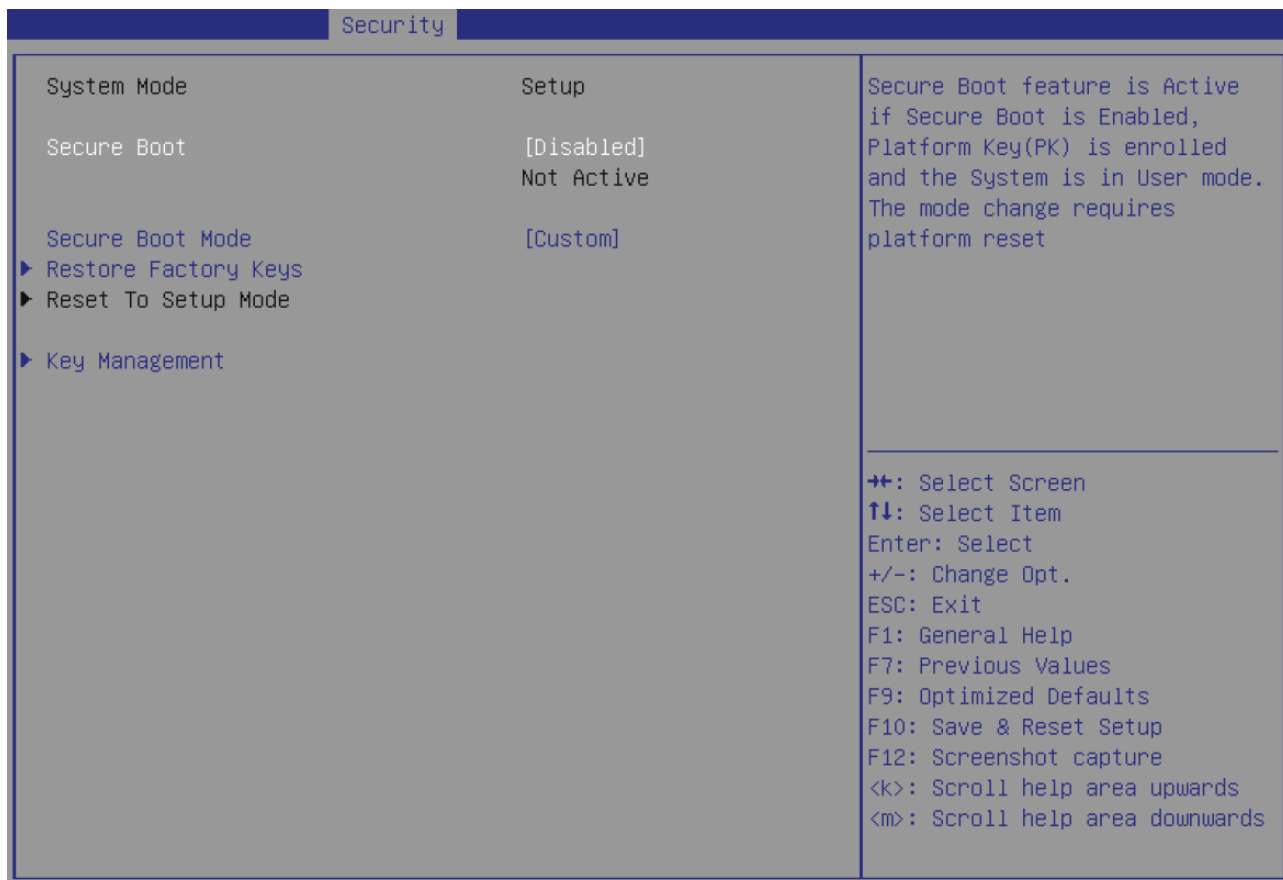
» Recorder Mode, Resolution 100x31

These settings enables or disables the recorder mode and the resolution 100x31.

» Putty KeyPad

PuTTY is a terminal emulator for Windows. This setting controls the numeric keypad for use in PuTTY.

► Secure Boot



► Secure Boot

Secure Boot function can be enabled only when the Platform Key (PK) is enrolled and running accordingly.

► Secure Boot Mode

Selects the secure boot mode. This item appears when Secure Boot is enabled.

[Standard]

The system will automatically load the secure keys from BIOS.

[Custom]

Allows user to configure the secure boot settings and manually load the secure keys.

► Restore Factory Keys

Allows you to restore all factory default keys. The settings will be applied after reboot or at the next reboot. This item appears when "Secure Boot Mode" sets to [Custom].

► Reset to setup Mode

Allows you to delete all the Secure Boot keys (PK,KEK,db,dbt,dbx). The settings will be applied after reboot or at the next reboot. This item appears when "Secure Boot Mode" sets to [Custom].

► Key Management

Press Enter key to enter the sub-menu. Manage the secure boot keys. This item appears when "Secure Boot Mode" sets to [Custom].

Security		
Vendor Keys	Valid	Install factory default Secure Boot keys after the platform reset and while the System is in Setup mode
Factory Key Provision	[Disabled]	
▶ Restore Factory Keys		
▶ Reset To Setup Mode		
▶ Enroll Efi Image		
▶ Export Secure Boot variables		++: Select Screen ↑↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. ESC: Exit F1: General Help F7: Previous Values F9: Optimized Defaults F10: Save & Reset Setup F12: Screenshot capture <k>: Scroll help area upwards <m>: Scroll help area downwards
Secure Boot variable	Size	
▶ Platform Key (PK)	0	
▶ Key Exchange Keys (KEK)	0	
▶ Authorized Signatures (db)	0	
▶ Forbidden Signatures (dbx)	0	
▶ Authorized TimeStamps (dbt)	0	
▶ OsRecovery Signatures (dbr)	0	
	Keys	
	Key Source	

» Platform Key (PK):

The Platform Key (PK) can protect the firmware from any un-authenticated changes. The system will verify the PK before your system enters the OS. Platform Key (PK) is used for updating KEK.

» Set New Key

Sets a new PK to your system.

» Delete Key

Deletes the PK from your system.

» Key Exchange Keys (KEK):

Key Exchange Key (KEK) is used for updating DB or DBX.

» Set New Key

Sets a new KEK to your system.

» Append Key

Loads an additional KEK from storage devices to your system.

» Delete Key

Deletes the KEK from your system.

» Authorized Signatures (db) :

Authorized Signatures (db) lists the signatures that can be loaded.

» Set New Key

Sets a new db to your system.

» **Append Key**

Loads an additional db from storage devices to your system.

» **Delete Key**

Deletes the db from your system.

» **Forbidden Signatures (dbx):**

Forbidden Signatures (dbx) lists the forbidden signatures that are not trusted and cannot be loaded.

» **Set New Key**

Sets a new dbx to your system.

» **Append Key**

Loads an additional dbx from storage devices to your system.

» **Delete Key**

Deletes the dbx from your system.

» **Authorized TimeStamps (dbt):**

Authorized TimeStamps (dbt) lists the authentication signatures with authorization time stamps.

» **Set New Key**

Sets a new DBT to your system.

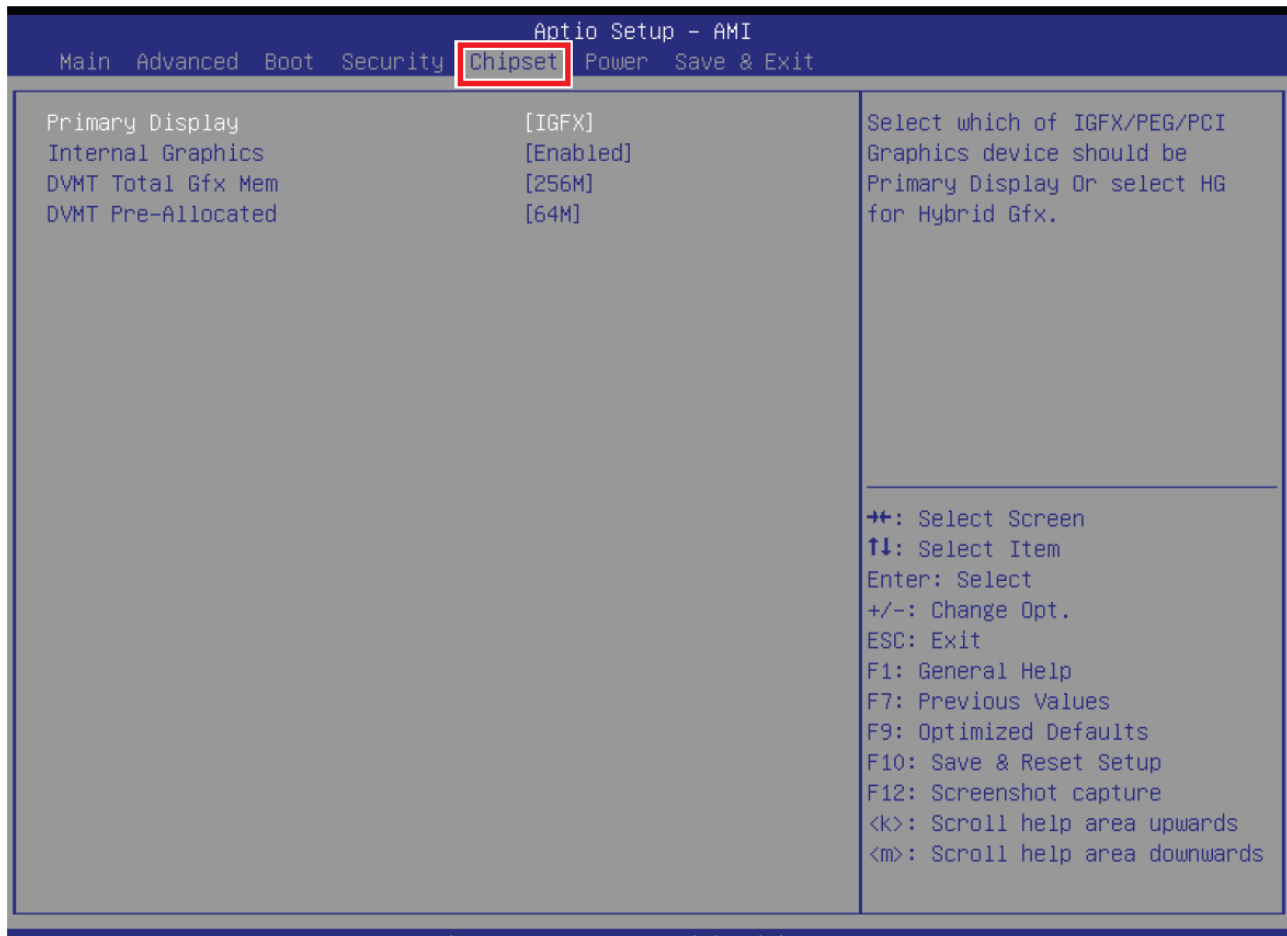
» **Append Key**

Loads an additional DBT from storage devices to your system.

» **OsRecovery Singnatures (dbr):**

Lists the available signatures for OS recovery.

3-2.5 Chipset



► Primary Display

Use the field to select the primary display of the system.

► Internal Graphics

This setting enables or disables the internal graphics function.

Available settings are:

[Auto]

The internal graphics will be automatically enabled or disabled.

[Enabled]

Enables the internal graphics.

[Disabled]

Disables the internal graphics.

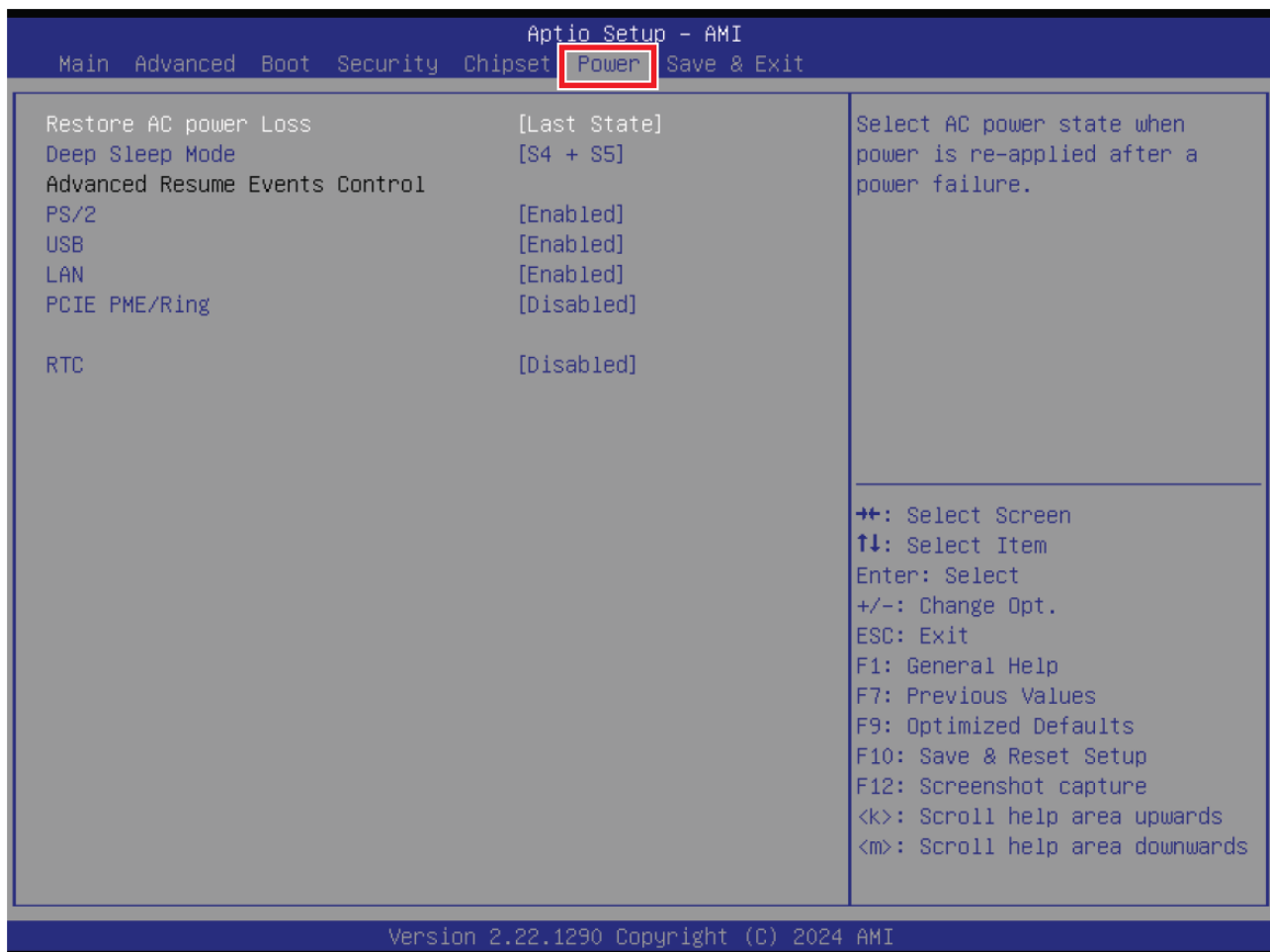
► DVMT Total Gfx Mem

This setting specifies the total graphics memory size for Dynamic Video Memory Technology (DVMT).

► DVMT Pre-Allocated

This setting defines the DVMT pre-allocated memory. Pre-allocated memory is the small amount of system memory made available at boot time by the system BIOS for video. Pre-allocated memory is also known as locked memory. This is because it is “locked” for video use only and as such, is invisible and unable to be used by the operating system.

3-2.6 Power



► Restore AC Power Loss

This setting specifies whether your system will reboot after a power failure or interrupt occurs. Available settings are:

[Power Off]

Leaves the computer in the power off state.

[Power On]

Leaves the computer in the power on state.

[Last State]

Restores the system to the previous status before power failure or interrupt occurred.

► Deep Sleep Mode

The setting enables or disables the Deep S5 power saving mode. S5 is almost the same as G3 Mechanical Off, except that the PSU still supplies power, at a minimum, to the power button to allow return to S0. A full reboot is required. No previous content is retained. Other components may remain powered so the computer can “wake” on input from the keyboard, clock, modem, LAN, or USB device.

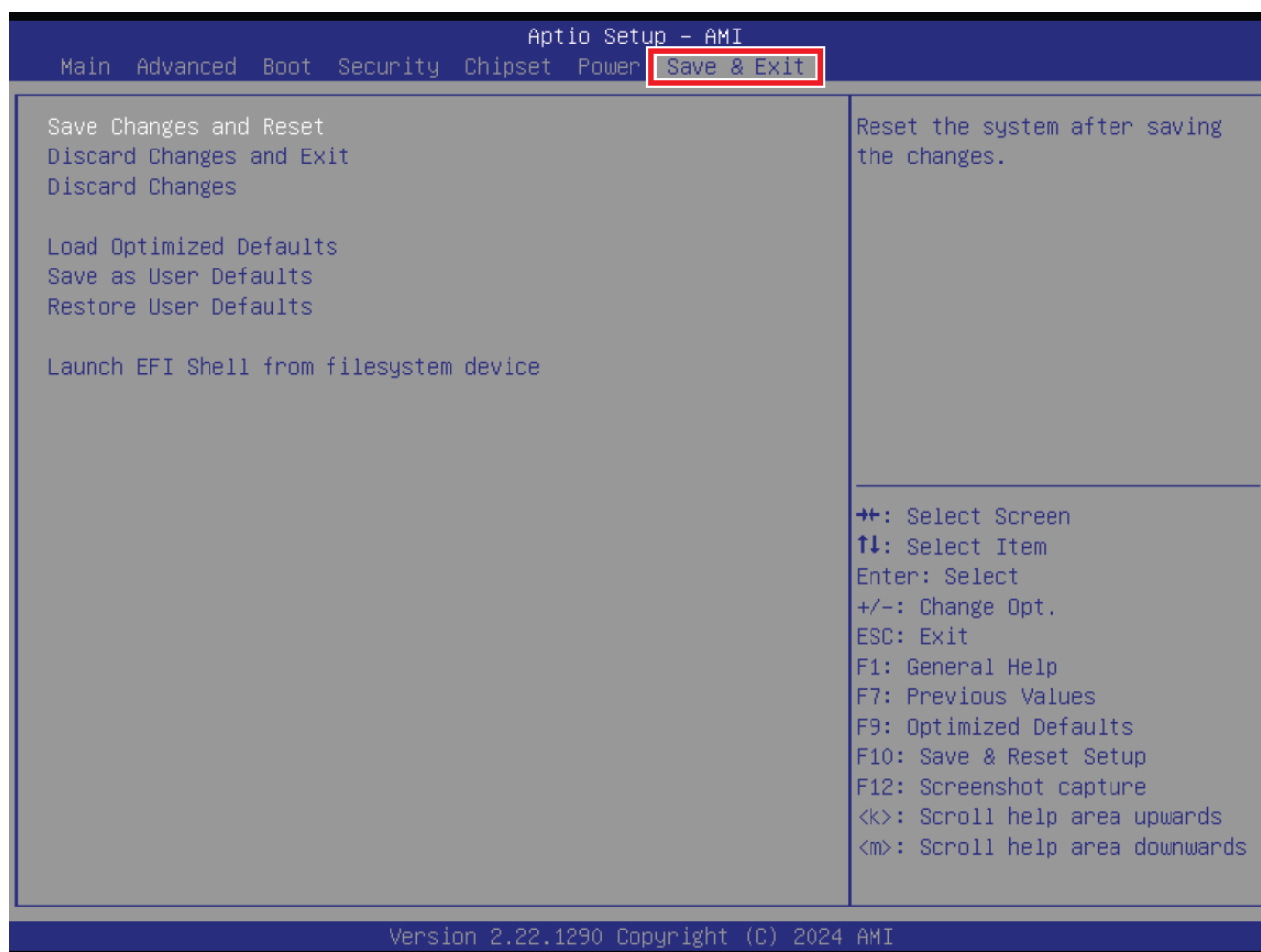
► PS/2, USB, LAN, PCIE PME

The setting allows the activity of the specified device to wake up the system from power saving modes.

► RTC

When [Enabled], you can set the date and time at which the RTC (real-time clock) alarm awakens the system from power saving modes.

3-2.7 Save & Exit



► Save Changes and Reset

Save changes to CMOS and reset the system.

► Discard Changes and Exit

Abandon all changes and exit the Setup Utility.

► Discard Changes

Abandon all changes.

► Load Optimized Defaults

Use this menu to load the default values set by the motherboard manufacturer specifically for optimal performance of the motherboard.

► Save as User Defaults

Save changes as the user's default profile.

► Restore User Defaults

Restore the user's default profile.

► Launch EFI Shell from filesystem device

This setting helps to launch the EFI Shell application from one of the available file system devices.

3-3 GPIO WDT SMBus Programming

This chapter provides WDT (Watch Dog Timer), GPIO (General Purpose Input/ Output) and SMBus Access programming guide.

Abstract

In this section, code examples based on C programming language provided for customer interest. Inportb, Outportb, Inportl and Outportl are basic functions used for access IO ports and defined as following.

Inportb:

Read a single 8-bit I/O port.

Outportb:

Write a single byte to an 8-bit port.

Inportl:

Reads a single 32-bit I/O port.

Outportl:

Write a single long to a 32-bit port.

3-3.1 General Purposed IO – GPIO/DIO

The GPIO port configuration addresses are listed in the following table:

Name	IO Port	IO address	Name	IO Port	IO address
N_GPIO0	0x12	Bit 0	N_GPO0	0x21	Bit 0
N_GPIO1	0x12	Bit 1	N_GPO1	0x21	Bit 1
N_GPIO2	0x12	Bit 2	N_GPO2	0x21	Bit 2
N_GPIO3	0x42	Bit 3	N_GPO3	0x21	Bit 3
N_GPIO4	0x12	Bit 4	N_GPO4	0x21	Bit 4
N_GPIO5	0x12	Bit 5	N_GPO5	0x21	Bit 5
N_GPIO6	0x12	Bit 6	N_GPO6	0x21	Bit 6
N_GPIO7	0x12	Bit 7	N_GPO7	0x21	Bit 7

Note: GPIO should be accessed through controller device 0x6E on SMBus.

The associated access method in examples (SMBus_ReadByte, SMBus_WriteByte) are provided in part 3.

► Set output value of GPO

1. Read the value from GPO port.
2. Set the value of GPO address.
3. Write the value back to GPO port.

Example: Set N_GPO0 output “high”

```
val = SMBus_ReadByte (0x6E, 0x21);  
// Read value from N_GPO0 port through SMBus.  
val = val | (1<<0);  
// Set N_GPO0address (bit 0) to 1 (output "high").  
SMBus_WriteByte (0x6E, 0x21, val);  
// Write back to N_GPO0 port through SMBus.
```

Example: Set N_GPO1 output "low"

```
val = SMBus_ReadByte (0x6E, 0x21);  
// Read value from N_GPO1 port through SMBus..  
val = val & ~(1<<1));  
// Set N_GPO1 address (bit 1) to 0 (output "low").  
SMBus_WriteByte (0x6E, 0x21, val);  
// Write back to N_GPO1 port through SMBus.
```

► **Read input value from GPI:**

1. Read the value from GPI port.
2. Get the value of GPI address.

Example: Get N_GPI2 input value.

```
val = SMBus_ReadByte (0x6E, 0x12);  
// Read value from N_GPI2 port through SMBus.  
val = val & (1<<2);  
// Read N_GPI2 address (bit 2).  
if (val)  
printf ("Input of N_GPI2 is High");  
else  
printf ("Input of N_GPI2 is Low");
```

Example: Get N_GPI3 input value.

```
val = SMBus_ReadByte (0x6E, 0x42);  
// Read value from N_GPI3 port through SMBus.  
val = val & (1<<3);  
// Read N_GPI3 address (bit 3).  
if (val)  
printf ("Input of N_GPI3 is High");  
else  
printf ("Input of N_GPI3 is Low");
```

3-4 Watchdog Timer– WDT

The base address (WDT_BASE) of WDT configuration registers is 0xA10.

3-4.1 Set WDT Time Unit

```
val = Inportb (WDT_BASE + 0x05); // Read current WDT setting
val = val | 0x08; // minute mode. val = val & 0xF7 if second mode
Outportb (WDT_BASE + 0x05, val); // Write back WDT setting
```

3-4.2 Set WDT Time

```
Outportb (WDT_BASE + 0x06, Time); // Write WDT time, value 1 to 255.
```

3-4.3 Enable WDT

```
val = Inportb (WDT_BASE + 0x0A); // Read current WDT_PME setting
val = val | 0x01; // Enable WDT OUT: WDOUT_EN (bit 0) set to 1.
Outportb (WDT_BASE + 0x0A, val); // Write back WDT setting.
val = Inportb (WDT_BASE + 0x05); // Read current WDT setting
val = val | 0x20; // Enable WDT by set WD_EN (bit 5) to 1.
Outportb (WDT_BASE + 0x05, val); // Write back WDT setting.
```

3-4.4 Disable WDT

```
val = Inportb (WDT_BASE + 0x05); // Read current WDT setting
val = val & 0xDF; // Disable WDT by set WD_EN (bit 5) to 0.
Outportb (WDT_BASE + 0x05, val); // Write back WDT setting.
```

3-4.5 Check WDT Reset Flag

If the system has been reset by WDT function, this flag will set to 1.

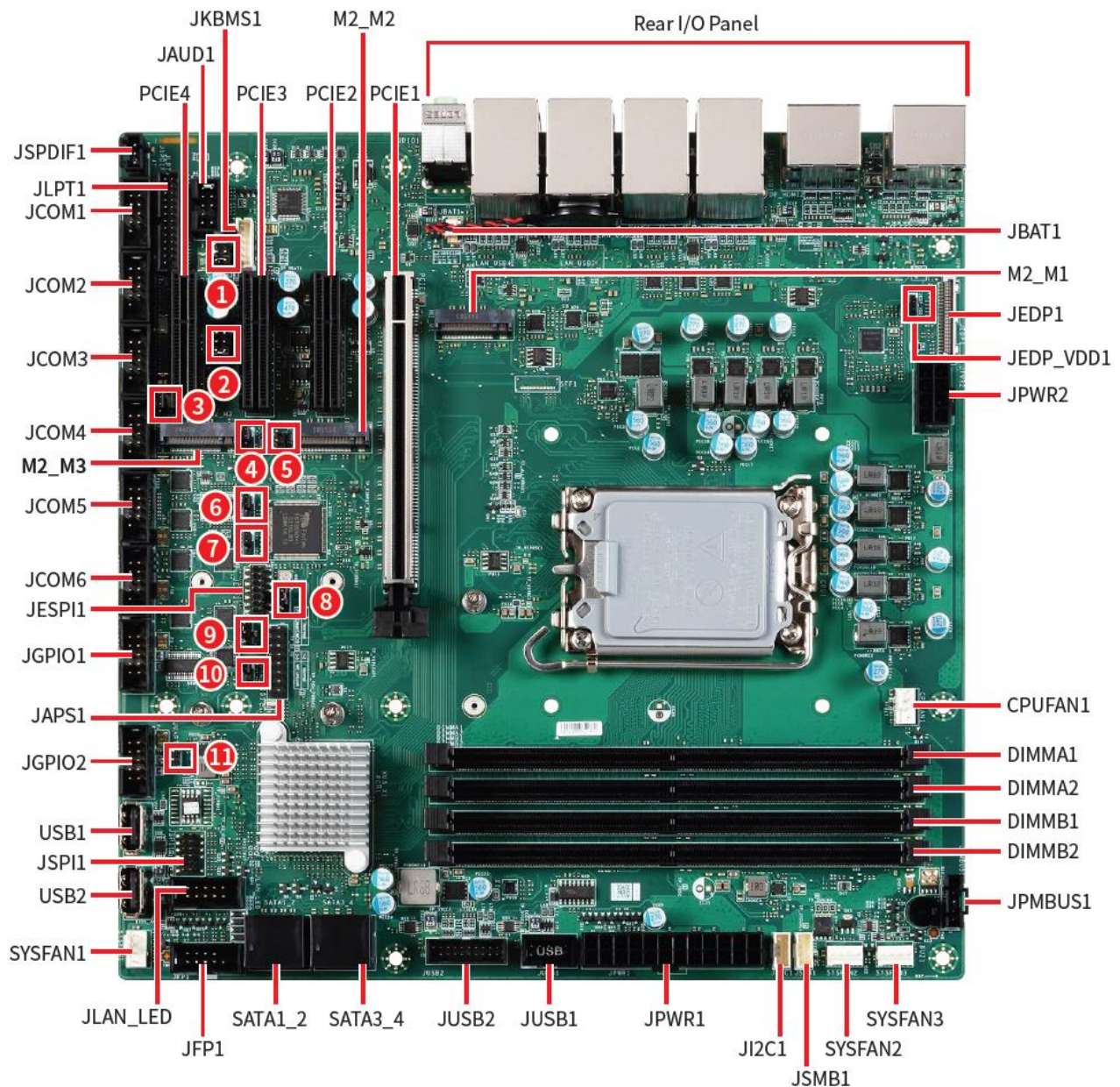
```
val = Inportb (WDT_BASE + 0x05); // Read current WDT setting.
val = val & 0x40; // Check WDTMOUT_STS (bit 6).
if (val) printf ("timeout event occurred");
else printf ("timeout event not occurred");
```

3-4.6 Clear WDT Reset Flag

```
val = Inportb (WDT_BASE + 0x05); // Read current WDT setting
val = val | 0x40; // Set 1 to WDTMOUT_STS (bit 6);
Outportb (WDT_BASE + 0x05, val); // Write back WDT setting
```

Chapter 4 APPENDEX

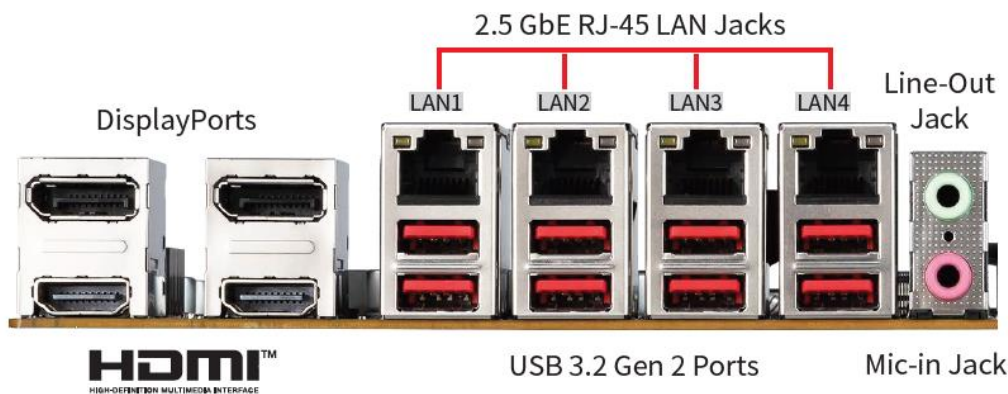
4-1 Motherboard Overview



- | | | |
|----------|------------|----------|
| ① JCOMP1 | ⑥ JCOMP5 | ⑪ JUART1 |
| ② JCOMP2 | ⑦ JCOMP6 | |
| ③ JCOMP3 | ⑧ JATX1 | |
| ④ JCOMP4 | ⑨ JCMOS1 | |
| ⑤ JCASE1 | ⑩ JME_DIS1 | |

AV1000-10L-60A User's Manual

Revision Date: Jul. 03. 2025



DisplayPort

DisplayPort is a digital display interface standard. This connector is used to connect a monitor with DisplayPort inputs.



HDMI™ Connector

HDMI™ is an all-digital interface for uncompressed audio/video streams, supporting standard, enhanced, or high-definition video, and multi-channel digital audio on a single cable.

2.5 GbE RJ-45 LAN Jack

The standard single RJ45 LAN jack is provided for connection to the Local Area Network (LAN). You can connect a network cable to it.

Link/ Activity LED			Speed LED	
Status	Description		Status	Description
Off	No link		Off	10/100 Mbps
Yellow	Linked		Green	1000 Mbps
Blinking	Data activity		Orange	2.5 Gbps

USB 3.2 Gen 2 Port

USB 3.2 Gen 2, the SuperSpeed USB 10Gbps, delivers high-speed data transfer for various devices, such as storage devices, hard drives, video cameras, etc.



Important

High-speed devices are recommended for USB 3.2 ports whereas low-speed devices, such as mouse or keyboard, are suggested to be plugged into the USB 2.0 ports.

Line-Out Jack

This connector is provided for headphones or speakers.

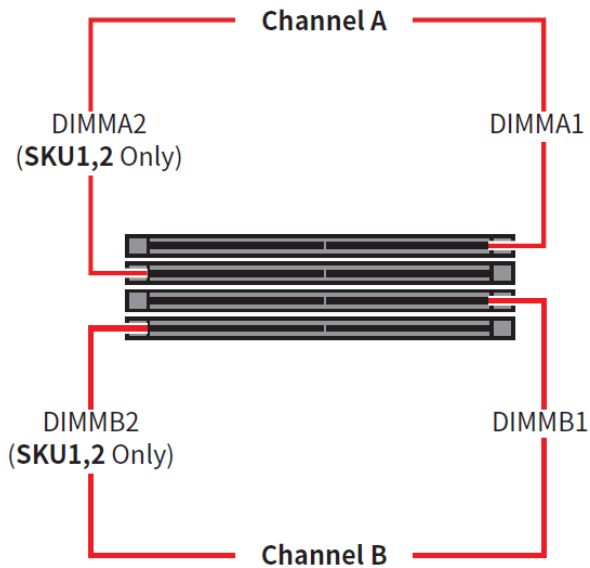
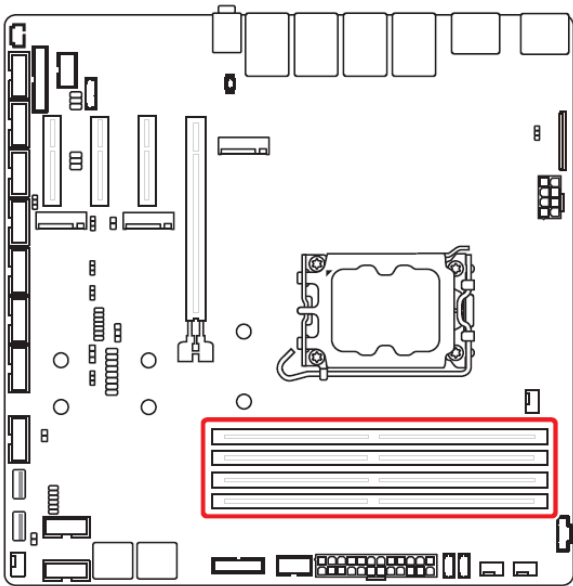
Mic-In Jack

This connector is provided for microphones.

4-2 Memory

DIMM1~2: DDR5 DIMM Slots

The SO-DIMM slots is intended for memory modules.



Recommended Memory Population

Quantity of DIMMs		1	2		3	4	
Channel A	DIMMA1				V		V
	DIMMA2	V	V		V	V	V
Channel B	DIMMB1			V		V	V
	DIMMB2		V	V		V	V

**“V” indicates a populated DIMM slot. **



Important

- Only support UDIMM.
- There should be at least 1 DDR5 DIMM populated.
- Paired memory installation for Max performance.
- If only 1 DIMM is populated in a channel, then populate it in the DIMMA2 slot.
- Populate the same DIMM type in each channel, specifically: 1. Use the same DIMM size; 2. Use the same number of ranks per DIMM.
- We don ’ t suggest other memory installation.